

RUSSIAN REINFORCEMENTS RESPONSIBLE FOR CHANGE

Correspondent With Austrian Headquarters Reports That New Forces at Kiev Made New Order of Things in Galicia—Appearance of Militia Welcomed After Lodz Defeat.

RENEWAL OF THE SOUTHWARD MOVEMENT

Information Declares That Such Now Improbable, as Further Advance Would Place Natives Between Two Fires—Series of Frontal Attacks Being Made—Austrians the Victors.

Berlin, via London, Jan. 5, 1:35 a. m.—Heavy Russian reinforcements from Kiev were responsible for the recent change in the situation in Galicia, according to Leonard Adelm, the correspondent of the Tagblatt with the Austrian headquarters.

The Russians, after their defeat at Lodz and their successful battle at Limanowa, the correspondent says, seemed on the point of being ejected from Galicia and retired behind the Vistula, but reinforcements, although principally militia, were sufficient to turn the scale in favor of the Russians, who launched a new offensive southward in the direction of Nowysandec, in the hope of jamming in between the Galician and Carpathian armies. The Austrians, however, by a new disposition of their troops and reinforcements, succeeded in arresting the advance.

A renewal of the southward movement, the correspondent continues, is improbable now, as a further advance would bring the Russians between two fires. Instead of this a heavy pressure westward in the direction of the fortress of Cracow is now noticeable. Simultaneously the Russians turned on the Carpathian army, but confined themselves to an attack on the southeastern passes, forcing their way into Hungary over the Uzok Pass, this move assuring them continued control of the important petroleum fields south of Lemberg and Przemyśl.

RUSSIANS MAKE FRONTAL ATTACKS.

Berlin, Jan. 4.—Via London, Jan. 5, 4:46 a. m.—The correspondent of the Zeitung Am Mittag at Austrian headquarters in a dispatch says the Russians are conducting a series of violent frontal attacks on the Austrian positions along the Danube river east of Cracow and are bending every effort to push toward the fortress which has been their goal for two months.

All these attacks up to yesterday evening, the correspondent adds, had been repulsed with heavy losses, owing to the excellence of the Austrian positions.

Great Britain's Reply.

London, Jan. 4.—The British government's reply to the American note concerning contraband probably will be sent before the end of this week. An outline of the reply has been submitted to France, which is greatly interested because of the activity of the French ships in searching Mediterranean cargoes.

A statement probably will be issued shortly showing that Italy has arrived at an understanding with England and the other allies concerning contraband satisfactory to all the countries affected.

It can be authoritatively stated that only five cargoes destined for Italy have been stopped at Gibraltar since November 15. Two of these were released within three days and the others as soon as the alleged contraband could be removed. Since December 4 no cargoes destined for Italy have been intercepted by the allies.

Rubber cargoes destined for American firms and held in English ports probably will be released soon or purchased by Great Britain which needs much rubber for the manufacture of tires, bed blankets and boots.

Constant negotiations are in progress between the allies and the neutral European countries situated near Germany looking to a tightening of the export regulations which will prevent American shipments from reaching Germany and Austria through neighboring countries other than Italy.

A loosening of the regulations applying to American cargoes, it is said by British officials, will depend largely on the assurances received from neutral countries that they will not assist in supplying Germany, Austria and Turkey with munitions of war.

No Change on the Vistula.

Petrograd, Jan. 4.—The official communication issued from the general headquarters tonight follows: "During January 3, no important change took place on the left bank of the Vistula. In many sections there have been the usual artillery engagements and secondary actions."

More desperate fighting took place on the night of January 2-3 in the region of Bolimow where the Germans, after an energetic attack, forced one of our trenches, but were immediately dislodged from it by our counter attack, abandoning six machine guns and a number of prisoners.

"In West Galicia on January 2, we made progress again taking more than a thousand Austrian prisoners and several cannon and machine guns."

CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX

SUMMARY OF WAR NEWS.

Upper Alsace seems to be the center of most important fighting in the western arena of the war. Engagements of a violent nature are being fought in the region of Senheim, which the French call Cernay, lying about eight miles northwest of Muelhausen.

The French forces have occupied the heights around Senheim and in addition have driven the Germans out of Steinbach, a village farther to the north.

At other points along the front extending to the North Sea there has been only intermittent cannonading. Both Russians and Germans admit that no important change has taken place of late on the front along the left bank of the Vistula.

In West Galicia the Russians are making steady progress and according to their official statement have captured many Austrian prisoners.

Russian warships have crossed the crown land of Bukowina and occupied the town of Suozawa, within a short distance of the Austro-Rumanian frontier.

A correspondent of the Berlin Tageblatt, with the Austrian headquarters explains the recent change in the situation in Galicia by the statement that the Russians have been heavily reinforced from Kiev. Another German correspondent says the Russians are bending every effort to reach the fortress of Cracow, but have met with repulses and heavy losses, owing to the well selected Austrian positions.

British warships have bombarded Dar-Es-Salaam, capital of German East Africa, where, it is reported, much damage was inflicted. All the German vessels in the harbor were disabled.

The British government will reply

to the American note concerning contraband within a few days. England and France are said to have reached an understanding with Italy which promised to be satisfactory to all the countries affected.

It was a German submarine which sank the British battleship Formidable on New Year's day in the English channel.

This announcement is made from Berlin which was so advised by a wireless from the submarine. The Formidable, according to the same authority, met with disaster off Plymouth.

An Italian battleship and a coast guard have shelled Durazzo, Albania, to check a revolutionary movement on the part of the Mussulmans, a committee from which demanded from Essad Pasha, the provisional president that the French and Serbian ministers be handed over to them. An attack on the city by the rebels followed a refusal to comply with the demand, and the Italian legation was appealed to for help. Both Italian and French legation officials and the members of the Italian colony have embarked on the warships.

GREEKS TO COLORS.

Winnipeg, Man., Jan. 4.—Instructions have been received that all Greek reservists now in Canada must report at once to the colors. The mobilization order states that they must be ready to take up their duties with their regiments March 1.

May Enlist in Fight.



PHILANDER C. KNOX.

The recent conference between Mrs. William Thaw, mother of Harry K. Thaw, and P. C. Knox, former secretary of state, is believed to mean that Mr. Knox will take an active part in Thaw's fight against being returned to Matteawan. Mrs. Thaw refuses to discuss the subject of her conference with Mr. Knox other than to admit that it had to do with her son's legal battles.

PEOPLE OF NATION WILL HAVE VOICE IN THE PRO MATTER

Dallas, Jan. 4.—That the people of the United States will be asked for a voice on national prohibition should congress fail to adopt a constitutional amendment for national prohibition, was the declaration of Dr. Howard H. Russell of Westerville, Ohio, assistant superintendent of the National Anti-Saloon league. He expressed the belief that both houses of congress would this spring have a two-thirds majority for the amendment.

In the face of strong opposition, including the desire of the national administration to postpone action on the question, the house of representatives recently gave a small majority for the amendment, he said. The Anti-Saloon league, he added, made many friends among congressmen during the last year. He is confident that the states soon will have an opportunity to ratify a prohibition amendment.

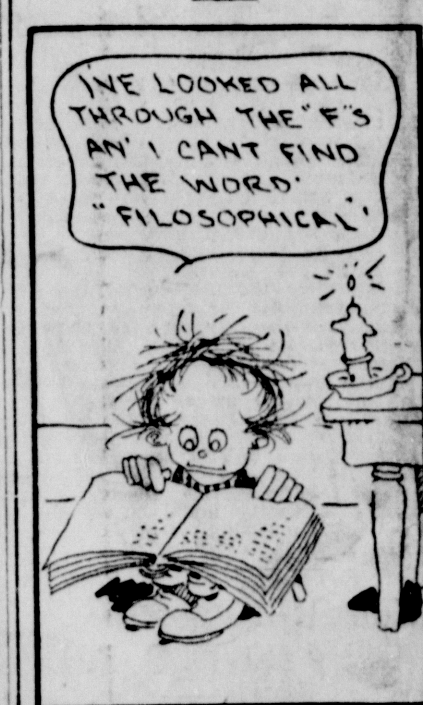
Here on Business.

Dr. Russell is in Dallas on business connected with the work of the Anti-Saloon league in Texas. He is the founder of the Anti-Saloon league. Twenty-one years ago he organized a league in Ohio. The organization now embraces all states. It has the support of no less than 25,000,000 people, he estimates.

He refrained from going into detail.

CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX.

THE WEATHER



Voluntary Forecast.

Unsettled weather today with probabilities of showers, is the prediction of Dr. I. Block, volunteer observer and official. Colder weather is expected Wednesday night.

Local Temperatures.

Temperatures for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. yesterday: Maximum 62 at 3 p. m., minimum 44 at 4 a. m., barometer 30.12, humidity 45, wind passage 28, fastest 4 miles an hour.

Government Forecast.

Washington, Jan. 4.—West Texas—Fair Tuesday, except probably rain or snow and colder in the Panhandle; Wednesday fair. East Texas—Partly cloudy Tuesday; Wednesday fair, colder in the northwest. Louisiana—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

GEN. VILLAND SCOTT EN ROUTE EL PASO TO HOLD A CONFERENCE

MEXICAN LEADER WILL ARRIVE IN BORDER CITY WEDNESDAY TO BEGIN NEGOTIATIONS WITH AMERICAN ARMY MAN REGARDING SITUATION.

CABRAL IS APPROACHING WACO

Representative of Provisional Government, With 8000 Troops, Marching to Sonora to Relieve Maytorena of Governorship—Efforts Made to Cut Short Any Further Delays.

VILLA LEAVES.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 4.—General Villa left Mexico City today and will arrive here Wednesday to begin negotiations with General Scott regarding the border situation.

Scott to El Paso.

Naco, Ariz., Jan. 4.—Brigadier General Hugh L. Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, left here late today for El Paso, presumably to get into more direct communication with General Villa. His mission, it is known, is the speedy conclusion of the border peace pact, which he has been negotiating with for two weeks with the Carranza and Villa leaders with General Hill and General Maytorena at Naco, Sonora.

Although General Scott has progressed to a satisfactory point in his interviews with both Hill and Maytorena, the latter could not be induced to sign the agreement previously approved by Villa and the Gutierrez government. General Scott sent Maytorena's American agent to El Paso early in the week in an effort to hasten matters by bringing pressure to bear on the Sonora chief. This mission failed.

The approach of General Juan Cabral with 8000 Villa troops to supersede Maytorena, it is understood, would necessitate a renewal of negotiations with Carranza. General Scott is therefore seeking to cut short any further parleying in the matter, it is believed, by those in touch with the situation, by seeking definite action on the matter by Cabral's appointment.

General Scott has been at Naco for two weeks, trying to bring about an agreement between Governor Maytorena, commanding the Gutierrez forces attacking the Mexican town of that name, and General Hill of the Carranza garrison. Hill agreed to withdraw, but Maytorena has postponed entering into a final agreement, awaiting, it is said, the arrival of General Cabral on his way north with 8000 men to take charge of the situation.

The conference with Villa is understood to have been sought not only because of the delay at Naco but that any agreement reached might apply to the whole of the international line.

Scott and Villa to Meet.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Brigadier General Scott, chief of staff of the United States army, and General Villa, commander-in-chief of the forces of the Gutierrez government in Mexico, have arranged to confer on the international bridge at El Paso, with a view to arriving at an understanding, the commander-in-chief of the forces of the Gutierrez government in Mexico, have arranged to confer on the international bridge at El Paso, with a view to arriving at an understanding, the commander-in-chief of the forces of the Gutierrez government in Mexico, have arranged to confer on the international bridge at El Paso, with a view to arriving at an understanding.

Denies Hold-Up Story.

Matamoros, Mex., Jan. 4.—General E. P. Nafarrate, military commander here, tonight denied that a Matamoros-Monterrey passenger train was held up Saturday night near Monterrey. He said there are no Villistas along this line.

Villa Force Defeated.

Matamoros, Mex., Jan. 4.—A strong Villista force was defeated Saturday by Carranzistas under Generals Matamoros, Antonio Villarreal and Vasquez at Paredon, near Saltillo, says an official report received here tonight.

Breeds Under Arrest.

Eagle Pass, Tex., Jan. 4.—Enrique Breeds, collector of customs at Piedras Negras, the Mexican town across the border from here, was arrested there late today. At the same time Carranza officials began an investigation of alleged smuggling of corn, wheat and livestock from Mexico through Piedras Negras to Texas.

Tragedy Principal Dies in Nogales

Los Angeles, Jan. 4.—Telegrams received today reported the death at Nogales, Ariz., of Mrs. Roy L. Glover, who was a principal in a Christmas tragedy here a year ago, in which Daniel de Villiers, a South African veteran and soldier of fortune, met death at the hands of Mr. Glover.

De Villiers was the woman's former husband and came here from San Antonio to induce her to leave Glover. During a quarrel which followed De Villiers was killed.

Glover was arrested and held in jail until a few weeks ago, when he was freed through the efforts of Mrs. De Villiers, who soon afterward became his wife. They were on a honeymoon when she died. Three little children of Mrs. Glover are here.

Before she married De Villiers, Mrs. Glover had been the wife of Vivian M. Lewis, a wealthy resident of Paterson, N. J.

Mrs. Busch Robbed.

St. Louis, Jan. 4.—Fourteen thousand dollars worth of jewelry belonging to Adolphus Busch III and his wife was stolen from their home on Grantview farm, St. Louis county, yesterday afternoon, according to a report made to the police department by Mrs. Busch today. Busch is grandson and namesake of the late millionaire brewer.

Girl to Show 400 Letters in Suit



MISS THEODORA NASH.

Mrs. Edith L. Bremner, widow of the late Congressman Robert G. Bremner, is understood to have suffered a nervous collapse as a result of the suit brought against her husband's estate by Miss Theodora Nash, a trained nurse of Paterson, N. J. Miss Nash alleges that Congressman Bremner agreed to provide for her for life if she would agree to break her engagement to a certain young man. She promises to include in her testimony four hundred letters written by the young man at the hearing on her claim for \$150 a week or a lump sum of \$75,000.

Hillsboro Court Is Opened With Prayer

Hillsboro, Jan. 4.—Attorneys, prospective jurors, clients and spectators were treated to a sensation in the Sixty-fourth district court here this morning when Judge Horton B. Porter, assuming office for a second term and taking up the criminal docket of the court, announced that before assuming those responsibilities he desired that public prayer should be offered for the guidance of God in the important work that lies ahead of him.

Accordingly he called on Rev. M. T. Andrews, pastor of the First Baptist church, to offer an invocation that justice should be meted out in the proper way during this term of court and that the judge, the jurors and attorneys alike should have the guidance of God's spirit in their work.

This unusual procedure in the court room produced great comment in the city, for it is believed here that this is the first instance that a session of court in Texas has been opened with prayer.

Wheat to Europe.

New Orleans, Jan. 4.—Shipments of wheat to European ports through New Orleans amounted to 8,932,928 bushels during the month of December, 1914, according to statistics made public today by the New Orleans board of trade. The increase over December, 1913, was approximately 2,500,000 bushels. Contracts covering shipment of more than 7,000,000 bushels this month already are signed, the board announced. The December shipments established a new monthly record for the port.

New York Submits Inquiries on Deaths

New York, Jan. 4.—Fewer persons were killed by automobiles in the streets of New York City, but deaths through such accidents increased in number elsewhere in New York state in 1914, according to figures issued today by the National Highway Protective society.

Automobiles killed 250 persons in this city last year, as compared with 202 in 1913. In the state outside this city the number in 1914 was 310, as against 149 in 1913.

In New York City 518 persons were killed last year by autos, trolley cars and wagons, as compared with 580 in 1913. Elsewhere in the state 403 were killed in this manner last year, as against 269 in 1913.

Throughout the state 199 persons were killed and 35 automobiles and 31 wagons were wrecked at highway railroad crossings in 1914.

Mexican Town Dry.

Douglas, Ariz., Jan. 4.—Aqua Prieta, the Mexican town across the border, has gone dry, shattering the hopes of American saloonkeepers, who were put out of business December 31, by the Arizona dry law, and expected to reopen in the Mexican town.

Arrests Follow Lynching.

Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 4.—Thomas Wade, his son and Thomas Peterson were placed in the county jail at Wetumpka, Ala., tonight and will be held pending an investigation of the lynching early today of James and Ed Smith, negroes, who were taken from the Elmore county jail at Wetumpka by a mob.

ICELAND IN THROES OF CRISIS WITH THE LIBERALS GAINING

POLITICAL UPHEAVAL THE RESULT OF QUARREL BETWEEN ASCENDANT PARTY AND HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF DENMARK.

WANT A NEW CONSTITUTION

Parliament Agrees to Changes to Meet Popular Demand but Ruler Refuses to Sign, Claiming Danish Government Must Approve It—People Want Flag of Their Own.

Reykjavik, Iceland, Jan. 4.—Iceland is in the throes of a political crisis, a crisis which in fact is nothing less than a quarrel between the liberal party which is in the ascendancy, and his majesty the king of Denmark, the ruler of Iceland.

It has led to the resignation of Prime Minister Egger, who has consented to remain in office for the present and it is said if matters are arranged to his satisfaction he will withdraw his resignation altogether.

There are two points of disagreement with the king. The first concerns the constitution. Icelanders want an up-to-date constitution and in the last session of parliament various changes in the old constitution were agreed to in accordance with the popular demand. But when the prime minister sent them to the king for his signature—without which they could not become effective—he refused to affix it. He maintained that the constitution of Iceland could not be changed without the sanction of the Danish parliament. The Icelandic liberals on the other hand contended that their own parliament was quite competent to fix up their constitution and that the Danish parliament had no business to meddle with it.

The other point at issue concerns the flag question. Iceland for some time has been anxious to have a flag of its own. The king, it is said, promised that this desire should be gratified. The liberal majority in the parliament here, having complete faith in the patriotism and good faith of the prime minister, authorized him to design a flag and settle the matter personally with the king. But the king declined to consider the design submitted by the prime minister, alleging that there was no evidence it was the sort of flag the Icelanders—or a majority of them—really wanted.

The king has announced he will summon before him some of the leading politicians of Iceland in an attempt to learn if some satisfactory settlement of the disputed matters cannot be arranged.

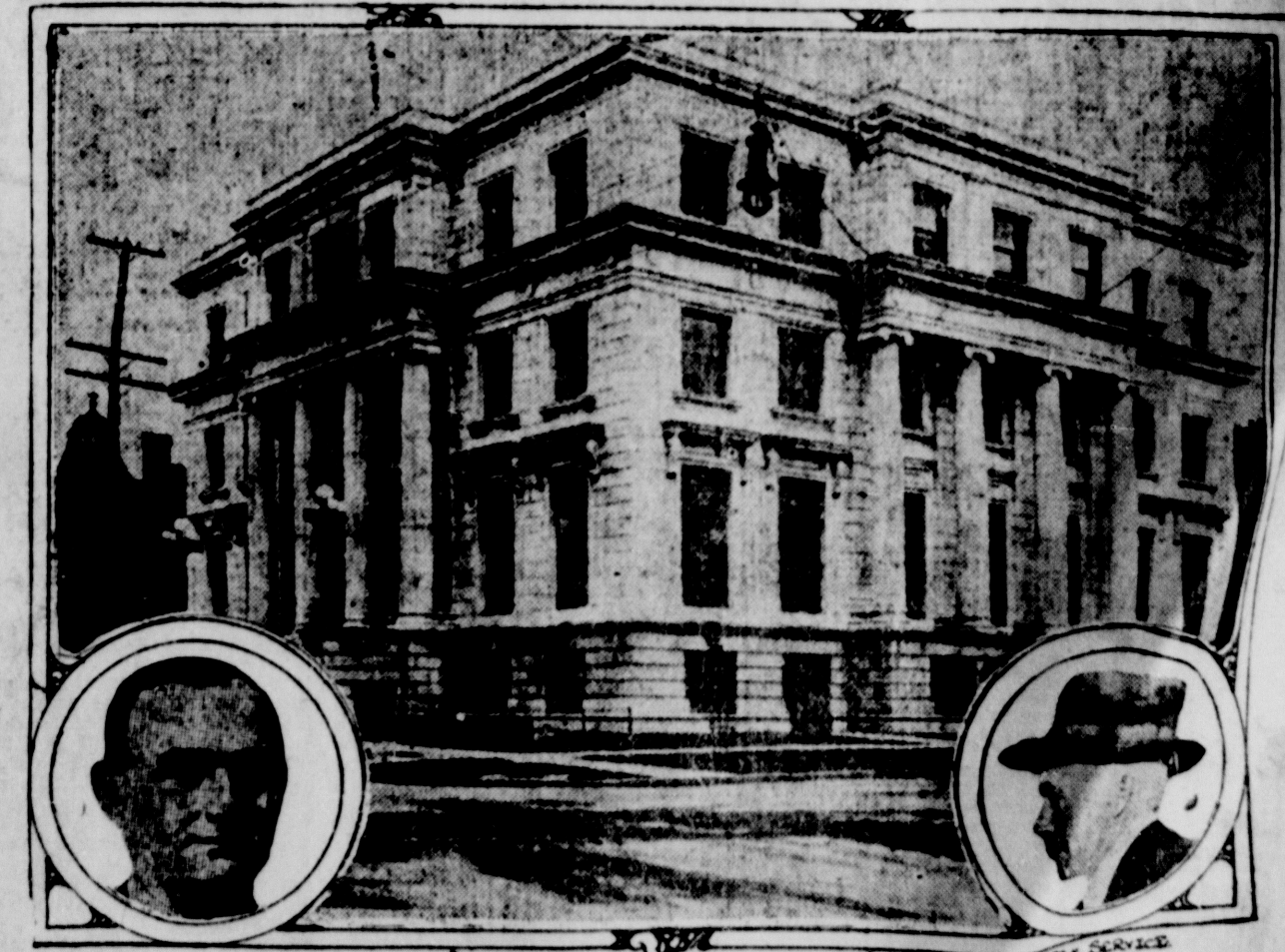
Export Hearings Are Still Pending

Washington, Jan. 4.—Hearings on pending resolutions to restrict the export of arms and munitions to the belligerent nations of Europe began today before the house foreign affairs committee.

Delegations from New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and Baltimore, representing German-American and Irish-American organizations, urged immediate action on the resolution of Representative Bartholdt of Missouri, which would empower the president to prohibit the export of war supplies. They insisted that at present the United States was not observing strict neutrality, because Great Britain was able to secure supplies in this country, and to prevent Germany and Austria from drawing from the same source was showing partiality.

Tomorrow's sessions will conclude the hearings.

Wide Interest in Denver Capitol Scandal



The new Colorado State Museum, adjoining the state capitol at Denver. At left, Joseph E. Fleming, member of the board of capital managers, against whom information has been sworn out charging him with investigating the contracts in which he was directly interested. At right, District Attorney John A. Rush, in which they are alleged Colorado state board of capital managers relative to certain contracts which they let and in which they are alleged to have been financially interested. Fleming has been arrested, charged with having an illegal interest in the letting of state contracts.

An investigation of capital contracts in Denver was started some time ago, when it was charged that L. Scott Twogood, Fleming's son-in-law, had received contracts for furnishing the new state museum building. It is charged that practically all the furniture put in by Twogood is below specifications. Many of the contracts are alleged to have been made by Fleming, a brother-in-law of Governor Ammons, who has been summoned to appear as a witness at Fleming's trial.

Seventy Japanese Picture Brides Arrive in America to Meet Husbands Not Seen

San Francisco, Jan. 4.—Seventy Japanese picture brides arrived here today on the liner Shinyo Maru to meet husbands they have never seen.

Until the husbands claim them, the brides are being housed on Angel island, the United States detention station.

In the eyes of the Japanese law and so for the purposes of the immigration officers, the brides have been married. There has been an exchange

of pictures, an approval by the heads of the two contracting families and a formal declaration of intention, in writing, before a Japanese official.

The brides come tagged and numbered, are correctly dealt out to the right husbands and then usually are taken in hand by the Japanese association, which escorts them to the marriage license bureau, after which a religious service is held, sometimes by a Buddhist or Shinto priest, sometimes by a Christian clergyman.

PURCHASE OF SHIPS IS FOREMOST ISSUE

BY VOTE OF 46 TO 29 SENATE MAKES BILL THE UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

MINORITY FILES THE REPORT

Members of Latter Committee Declare Impossible for Government to Handle Deal.

DAY IN CONGRESS.

Senate.
Administration ship purchase bill made unfinished business on party vote.
Senator Hardwick's Resolution calling on president for diplomatic correspondence on contraband went over another day without action.
Judiciary committee considered without action several nominations in contest between president and senate.
Lands committee began preparing report on waterpower site leasing bill.
Met at noon.
Considered nominations in executive session.
Adjourned at 5:55 p. m. to noon Tuesday.
House.
Senate bill for new \$600,000 fireproof assay office in New York passed.
Miscellaneous bills considered under the unanimous consent rule.
Foreign affairs committee heard delegations supporting proposals to prohibit exports of war materials.
Representative Gardner urged military bill to act on his proposal for investigation of the national defenses.
Passed senate bill authorizing issue of gold and silver coins commemorating the Panama-Pacific exposition at San Francisco.
Passed Moss bill to standardize grain grades and provide for inspection of grain in interstate commerce.
Adjourned at 5:58 p. m. to noon Tuesday.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Government purchase of ships as proposed in the administration bill to create a shipping board, finance a \$10,000,000 shipping corporation and expend not to exceed \$30,000,000 for the purchase or chartering of ocean carriers, became today the foremost issue before congress.

By a vote of 46 to 29 the senate made the ship purchase bill the unfinished business to supplant all ordinary bills. The action, on motion of Senator Fletcher, action chairman of the commerce committee, precipitated a showing on the part of the opposition senators which gave certain indications that there were breakers ahead for the proposed legislation. Charging that an effort was being made to rush the bill with undue haste, republican senators, among them Senators Gallinger, Lodge and Root, served notice that the measure would be fought to the last ditch.

Minority members of the commerce committee filed a report, written by Senator Burton and endorsed by Senators Nelson, Perkins, Smith of Michigan and Oliver, asserting that the plan proposed would not relieve shipping conditions, because it would be impossible for the government to get ships enough to do any good. It pointed also at dangers of international competition, arising from the fact that "every craft set afloat by the government would add one more risk of our being drawn into the present war." Senator Fletcher, who has charge of the bill and who recently conferred with President Wilson concerning it, urged the measure in a lengthy speech after republican senators had their pronouncement of opposition. He declared the war had produced a "ship famine" and that the interests of all people in the United States demand that the government take immediate action to supply ships to carry American products demanded in the markets of Europe and South America. He insisted that lists of the 105 ships which transferred their flags to show that none was a first-class cargo boat; that over 50 per cent of these were ships of companies which needed them for their own business, and consequently added nothing to the facilities for the transportation of general cargoes.

"We must see to it," he said, "that a war between other countries shall never again cripple our industries for lack of ships."
An amendment to the bill submitted by Senator Stone, designed to prevent secret shipment of contraband to foreign ports, would authorize the president to designate from time to time ports where customs collectors would be required to inspect all cargoes before loading. Heavy penalties would be imposed upon ships and vessel masters for violations of the provisions.
Discussion of the bill was deferred late in the day to make way for the urgent deficiency appropriation bill and other appropriations bills which probably will be taken up as they come from the house.
Republican leaders insist that many weeks will be consumed in debate on the measure.

A group of leading republican senators at a conference tonight in Senator Gallinger's office discussed the legislative program and plans for preventing hasty action on the ship purchase bill. Among those present were Senators Gallinger, Root, Lodge, Weeks and Brandegee.

It was agreed that the urgent deficiency bill would require two or three days of discussion, particularly on the item relating to Mexican expenditures. The legislative appropriation bill, they thought, also would furnish a subject for considerable discussion, as would other appropriation measures as they came along.

"There will be plenty to talk about besides ship purchase," said Senator Gallinger. "Perhaps the democracy will put their program through, but if they see going over their supply bills in danger of being overhauled they may be as anxious about new legislation."



Uneeda Biscuit

Tempt the appetite, please the taste and nourish the body. Crisp, clean and fresh. 5 cents.

Baronet Biscuit

Round, thin, tender—with a delightful flavor—appropriate for lunch, tea and dinner. 10 cents.

GRAHAM CRACKERS

Made of the finest ingredients. Baked to perfection. The national strength food. 10 cents.

Buy biscuit baked by
NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
Always look for that Name.

Frough, Smulian Co. in Receiver's Hands

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 4.—Frough, Smulian and company, who conducts department stores each known as "The Leader" at Little Rock and Pine Bluff, Ark., and Cushing, Prague and Bristow, Oklahoma, was thrown into involuntary bankruptcy in federal court here today. In the petition it is said liabilities total \$225,000.

11th Child Labor Conference Begins

Washington, Jan. 4.—The eleventh annual conference on child labor will begin here tomorrow. The work of the conference, which will last two days, will be directed by Dr. Felix Adler, of New York, chairman of the National Child Labor Committee, which will include discussions of all questions pertaining to the child.

Prominent among those on the program for speeches are: Miss Julia C. Lathrop, head of the federal children's bureau; Senator Owen of Oklahoma; P. P. Claxton, United States commissioner of education, and Miss Jane Addams of Chicago.

Customs Revenue.
Washington, Jan. 4.—Customs revenues for the six months ending December 31, last, amounted to \$197,732,954, compared with \$158,357,918 for the last six months of 1913. At the office of Assistant Secretary Peters in charge of customs, these figures were said to confirm the treasury department's estimates and to show the necessity of the war revenue law.

RUB RHEUMATIC, ACHING JOINTS AND STOP PAIN

INSTANT RELIEF WITH A SMALL TRIAL BOTTLE OF OLD "ST. JACOB'S OIL."

Rheumatism is "pain" only. Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil" right into your sore, aching joints, and relief comes instantly. "St. Jacob's Oil" is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and cannot burn the skin.
Limber up! Quit complaining! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic pain, soreness and stiffness. Don't suffer! Relief awaits you. "St. Jacob's Oil" is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains.

NATIONAL DEFENSE OBJECT OF MEETING

SECRETARIES DANIELS AND GARRISON TO DISCUSS QUESTION AT CONFERENCE.

GARDNER BEFORE COMMITTEE

Massachusetts Man Proposes Commission of Five Men to Make an Investigation.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Co-operation between the executive and legislative branches of the government in appropriations for the national defense is the object of a conference arranged today between Secretaries Garrison and Daniels of the war and navy departments, and the chairmen of the senate and house committee on military and naval affairs.

The conference will be held tomorrow night at the home of Secretary Garrison, who suggested the idea. Besides the four chairmen of the congressional committees, other democratic leaders have been invited. It is generally expected that an effort will be made to balance the various appropriations in conformity with a general policy for the promotion of the national defense, plans for which probably will be submitted to President Wilson for final approval. The various bills for the increase in the regular army will be one of the principal topics for discussion.

The house military committee today heard Representative Gardner of Massachusetts, advocate his proposal for a commission of five men to investigate the military preparedness of the country and the naval subcommittee wound up its work on the naval appropriation bill which is to be submitted to the full committee Wednesday.

The subcommittee incorporated in the naval bill a provision creating the office of chief of operations, under the secretary of the navy, with a four-year tenure of office and to be held by a rear admiral. His functions would be to supervise all naval preparations for war emergencies. The subcommittee also provided for an increase of forty-one commissioned officers in the marine corps and the promoting of 110 non-commissioned officers.

The administration provision to create a naval reserve, designed to produce ultimately a reserve of 25,000 former men of the navy, was adopted with amendments.

Lack of co-ordination between the navy department, the Atlantic fleet and congress is charged by Rear Admiral Austin M. Knight, in charge of the naval war college, in a report dated at Newport, December 16 and embodied in the revised record of naval bill hearings made public today by the committee. Admiral Knight was one of the officers whom Representative Hobson, of Alabama, vainly sought to testify before the committee. His statement was brought out by telegrams sent by Secretary Daniels to Admiral Knight and to Rear Admiral Fletcher, commanding the Atlantic fleet.

While Admiral Fletcher replied that he knew of no lack of co-ordination at the present time and believed "that the present co-ordination meets with the war college's full approval," Admiral Knight made this statement: "The war college believes that lack of co-ordination does not exist in the fleet; between the navy department and the fleet, and between the navy department and congress. The college does not regard this as a new situation, although it happens to be at this moment unusually acute. The college, partly with the fleet, where everything that can be done already is in preparation; partly with the department, where plans already have been made for more extensive maneuvers than ever before held, and chiefly with congress, where there already is pending a bill for a council of national defense, which would coordinate all the government agencies, many of which lie far outside the fields of the navy and the military department."

Among data just added to the report of the hearing is a statement of naval expenditures for the current fiscal year, showing that while the United States appropriated \$111,872,780, Great Britain appropriated \$260,000,000; Germany (from April to March), \$114,000,000; Japan, \$101,000,000; and Italy, \$101,000,000. Appropriations on account of the navy in this country from 1794 to 1914 inclusive were shown to aggregate \$3,717,759,599.

Representative Gardner submitted to the military committee a series of letters exchanged by himself and Secretary Garrison during the last two or three weeks. Mr. Garrison, replying to a question asked by Gardner, said that the navy had outgrown the 12-inch guns of this country's coast defenses, wrote that foreign guns carry at their maximum elevation 21,000 yards, while our 12-inch guns on their standard carriage carry 13,000 yards, but could be mounted so as to carry a similar distance to those foreign guns. He asked the committee to make the change, but it would not necessitate any change in the fortification.

Mr. Garrison said there were no 12-inch guns on the coast defenses proper, that four such guns were now in process of construction for installation on the Pacific coast. He said there were no guns of a larger size except the 16-inch guns.

Judge Pritchard Wants More Money

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Judge Peter C. Pritchard, upon resumption of the railway wage arbitration proceedings of which he is chairman, intimated today that the government appropriation for the purpose is none too large. He expressed his opinion. He tentatively suggested Saturday sessions, or longer hours.

"I think we are expediting the hearing at present by allowing Saturday and Sunday for preparation," said Warren S. Stone, of counsel for the engineers, who are seeking higher pay. "Of course, the government hasn't much money, but what I am worrying about is these poor railroads."

The general managers smiled and James M. Sheehan, their attorney, said he agreed with Mr. Stone. "How about the hours?" inquired Judge Pritchard.
"Five hours or less to constitute a day's work," said Stone, paraphrasing one of the demands of the men. The program remained unchanged.

Testimony today came from six firemen and was in effect a repetition of stories of hours and pay added before the holiday adjournment. The witnesses included G. W. Minton, Fort Worth, Texas, of the Texas and Pacific.

Those Who "Come Back."
Truth crushed to earth will rise again, and it is the same with the Servants.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN FOR INDIGESTION OR BAD STOMACH

RELIEVES SOURNESS, GAS, HEARTBURN, DYSPEPSIA IN FIVE MINUTES.

Sour, gassy, upset stomach, indigestion, heartburn, dyspepsia, when the food you eat ferments into gases and stubborn lumps; your head aches and you feel sick and miserable, that's when you realize the magic in Pape's Diapepsin. It makes all stomach misery vanish in five minutes. If your stomach is in a continuous revolt—if you can't get it regulated, please, for your sake, try Pape's Diapepsin. It's so needless to have a bad stomach—make your next meal a favorite food made with a little Diapepsin. There will not be any distress—eat without fear. It's because Pape's Diapepsin "really does" regulate weak, out-of-order stomachs that gives it its millions of sales annually. Get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any drug store. It is the quickest, surest stomach relief and cure known. It acts almost like magic—it is a scientific, harmless and pleasant stomach preparation which truly belongs in every home.

ROTARIANS TO FAVOR HOME-MADE PRODUCTS

MEMBERSHIP GOES ON RECORD TO HELP INCREASE SALES OF WACO FACTORIES.

Tender Active Support to Y. M. B. L. in its Campaign for Use of "Made in Waco" Goods.

Local Rotarians are thoroughly in sympathy with the campaign to promote the consumption of "Made in Waco" products, and at their weekly meeting yesterday, at noon, unanimously adopted the following resolutions offered by J. M. Penland, president of the Rotary club, and chairman of the committee that is pushing the Y. M. B. L. campaign:

"Whereas, The Young Men's Business league of Waco has launched a campaign to increase the sale of products manufactured in Waco, with a view to building up home industries and thereby increase the demand for Waco made goods, increase the demand for labor, increase the pay rolls, and to increase the wealth and prosperity, and the health and happiness of its citizens generally; and

"Whereas, Such a movement is thoroughly in accord with the objects and aims of the Rotary club; and

"Whereas, It is our desire as a club and as individuals to give to this movement all of the impetus within our power;

"Now, Therefore Be It Resolved, That the Rotary club of Waco here now endorse and commend this movement on the part of the Y. M. B. L. and that we pledge to it our unanimous, hearty and sincere support as a club and as individuals; hereby agreeing to insist on the use of Made-in-Waco products in our home, in our places of business, among our friends, among our neighbors, and to encourage it, boost it, foster it, and to proclaim the virtue of it at any and all times, in any and every place, when it is convenient and proper to do so."

"And Be It Further Resolved, That we here now tender to the Y. M. B. L. our active support in this campaign; and that we here now call upon every other organization in the city of Waco, and upon the city government of the city of Waco, and upon the county government of the county of McLennan, and upon every individual in Waco and its trade territory to join in this movement and to always give preference to Made-in-Waco products and to buy Made-in-Waco products at all times, unless the difference in price for the same quality of goods is prohibitive and unreasonable."

"Be It Further Resolved, That we furnish to the press of the city a copy of this resolution."

Christmas Tree Expense.

A total of \$225.97 was expended on the Christmas tree for the club, according to the final report of the committee, which was adopted and the committee discharged. A total fund of \$250 was at the disposal of the committee, leaving a net balance of \$24.03, which was voted to the treasury of the club. Here are the items of expense attached to the tree: Leggings, gloves and sweaters for 132 boys, \$203.47; one crate of oranges and 75 pounds of nuts, \$12.25; cloth for making bags for candy and nuts, \$5.25; labor in putting up tree, \$1.50; labor in hauling chairs to and from the Y. M. B. L. rooms and cleaning up the rooms after the tree, \$2.50; hauling, \$1.40; messenger service, 50 cents; total expenditures, \$250.97.

W. W. Woodson officiated as toastmaster yesterday and brief and impromptu addresses were made by Capt. W. R. Harris, representative of the Carlton Dry Goods company of St. Louis; Rev. J. M. Dawson, new pastor of the First Baptist church; W. D. Jordan of Houston, state agent of the Underwood Typewriter company; V. V. Damon, James Wright and C. E. Ruebeck. Captain Harris said the financial and general business outlook was improving and expressed his appreciation of Texas, while Mr. Dawson told how glad he was to again become a citizen of Waco, which, he said, was the most hospitable city in Texas. He declared himself an optimist.

The measure would authorize the secretary of agriculture to establish uniform standards of quality and condition in grain, and would make unlawful the sale of grain by grade in interstate commerce unless it conformed with these standards.

An appropriation of \$375,000 to establish the machinery for the grading and inspecting is carried by the bill.

Moss Bill Passed by the U. S. Senate

Washington, Jan. 4.—The Moss bill to standardize grain grades and to provide for federal inspection of grain in interstate commerce was passed by the house today by a vote of 220 to 16.

The measure would authorize the secretary of agriculture to establish uniform standards of quality and condition in grain, and would make unlawful the sale of grain by grade in interstate commerce unless it conformed with these standards.

Senators Lodge, Smoot and other republicans intend to make the Vera Cruz item the medium for discussion tomorrow of the administration's Mexican policy.

Deficiency Bill Completed.
Washington, Jan. 4.—With the exception of an item for \$554,371 for expenses in connection with the occupation of Vera Cruz, the senate today completed consideration of the pending urgent deficiency bill.

Senators Lodge, Smoot and other republicans intend to make the Vera Cruz item the medium for discussion tomorrow of the administration's Mexican policy.



United States' Overseas Dominions Use Texas Products

Over in Manila where the Government of the Philippine Islands is quartered and where the large population of American residents has made a social center of the city, the native is rapidly learning the value of manufactured products made in the United States, and the trade between this country and our overseas dominions in the Pacific Ocean grows at a remarkable pace.

Texas oil products reach there in large quantities, carrying the Red Star and Green T emblem of The Texas Company and the manufacturing mark of Port Arthur, Texas. Texas boys in many of the army posts in the Philippines are undoubtedly reading their welcome letters from home by the light of Texaco illuminating oil, made in Texas and sent out there by The Texas Company.

Not only at Manila can the wandering Texas citizen see the lighters loaded with Texaco products from his home State, but in the harbors of Cebu, Iloilo and Legaspi, the other principal ports of the Philippines, large ocean terminals with spacious warehouses, lighters, barges and all the necessary equipment, house cargoes of Texaco oil products to be distributed all over the islands.

Here as elsewhere the remarkable and rapid growth of the large foreign business of The Texas Company in Texaco oil products from Port Arthur has been due to the quality and service which have been the watchword of The Texas Company from the beginning.

Quality and service are at your disposal in your own town with convenient delivery to you. Texaco products are known all over the world as high quality oils. Our Agent is at your town to serve you with them. Get in touch with him.

The Texas Company
General Offices: Houston, Texas



New Trials Granted in the Florida Cases

Kansas City, Jan. 4.—New trials today were granted the Rev. Albert E. Gummage, of Kansas City, and C. H. Hubbard, of Pittsburg, Kansas, two of the five men recently convicted here of using the mails to defraud in connection with the sale of Florida lands by the Chambers Land company. A new trial was refused Dr. E. J. Chambers, of Kansas City, president of the company, and the motion of F. W. Harper of Port Lauderdale, Florida, was continued. E. L. Russell of Miami, Florida, was granted a new trial on eleven of the twelve counts on which he was convicted, but a new trial was refused on the twelfth. These decisions were announced in the federal court here tonight at the conclusion of the hearings.

Testimony of the trial jurors, who were summoned as witnesses at the hearing showed that a former deputy United States marshal had conversed with them while they were considering their verdict. It was testified that he told them recommendations of the jury for leniency for Gummage and Hubbard probably would be followed by the trial judge and that a fine as low as \$1 could be assessed against them.

In his ruling the court put the blame for the company's operations upon Dr. Chambers and announced sentence would be pronounced upon him tomorrow.

Ohio Coal Operators Will Quit the Union

Cleveland, Ohio, Jan. 4.—That Eastern coal operators at an adjourned meeting tomorrow, will decide formally to break off all negotiations with the United Mine Workers' union, will plan to elect striking miners because they have no interest in the strike was called the first of last April and will decide to make overtures to the miners as individuals to work "open shop" under the scale rejected by the miners' organization, was the belief expressed tonight.

An unannounced development in connection with the meeting of the operators today was a joint conference with William Green, international secretary of the mine workers' organization, and John Moore, president of the Ohio miners' organization.

Later it was said no agreement was reached. Both the operators and the miners' officials remained firm in their previous stands.

54-Hour Law Probe.
Dallas, Jan. 4.—District Judge R. B. Seay today charged his grand jury for the January term. He charged the jurors especially to investigate cases of pistol toting and alleged violations of the fifty-four hour law.

ONLY ONE "Bromo Quinine," that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on box 25c.

ONE IN MEMPHIS AND ONE IN MOBILE

Numbers of statements and personal views regarding Vitalitas are constantly being received from over the south. Here are two selected at random that are of interest:

One is from Mr. F. B. Esslar, a well known Memphis business man of 312 Decatur street. He says: "After taking one bottle of Vitalitas I have never used any medicine that has given me the relief Vitalitas has. It is a boon to sufferers; have been greatly benefited for stomach troubles, indigestion and kidney troubles. Cannot praise it too highly. The general public should know more about it."

The other is from Mr. Stephen Touart, coal merchant at 1070 Sprink Hill avenue, Mobile, Ala. He says: "After taking one bottle of Vitalitas for indigestion want to say it completely cured me; have never felt the symptoms since. I appreciate what it did for me and want others to try it."

Vitalitas is wholly a natural product. It will be found wonderfully effective for ills generally of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels and blood. Ask for a Vitalitas booklet today at Powers-Kelly Drug Co. For sale by retail druggists.

BANK CLEARINGS NEARLY MILLION IN TWO DAYS

Bank clearings in Waco yesterday were \$410,297.30. On Saturday the first business day in the New Year, they were \$442,210.00. This makes the total in two days over \$850,000, which is more than they have been in any two days since the war was declared in Europe. Much business is closed up and accounts settled at the beginning of the New Year which is responsible partly for the big increase.

ONLY ONE "Bromo Quinine," that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on box 25c.

Current Events

IN WOMAN'S SPHERE

BOTH PHONES 1958

KATE FRIEND, Editor

THE WOMEN'S CALENDAR

FOR THIS TUESDAY
The Council of Jewish Women meets at Temple Rodef Shalom, 2 o'clock.
The Current Event Club meets with Mrs. W. M. Foster, Thirtieth and Columbus, 3:30 o'clock.
The North and South Club meets at school building, 3 o'clock.
Women's Auxiliary, Columbus Street church, has hour of prayer, at 3:30 o'clock.
The Review Club meets with Mrs. William Appell, 2909 North Fifth, 2 o'clock.
The Press Club meets with Mrs. F. J. Lennox, 2111 West Washington, 3 o'clock.
The Woman's Club meets with Mrs. Charles Boynton, Thirtieth and Austin, 3:15 o'clock.
The Home Association holds January meeting, First National bank, 10 o'clock.
The Bridge Juniors play with Miss Stella Lacy, Thirtieth and Washington, 3 o'clock.
The Lily Auction plays with Mrs. C. E. Smith, 1912 Washington street, 3 o'clock.
The Young Married Ladies' Bridge Club meets with Mrs. A. R. Wilson, 1919 Washington street, 3 o'clock.
Mrs. Lee Davis, Fourteenth and Washington, pours tea for Mrs. E. A. Temple, 4 o'clock.
The Mother's Club, South Waco school, meets 3 o'clock.

THE DOMESTIC SCIENCE

TO RESUME MEETING
The Domestic Science, after a holiday of three weeks, will resume regular Wednesday sessions with this week. The hostess will be Mrs. Beauford McWhirter, Rose Park Place.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

FOR SETTLEMENT MEETS
The first meeting for the new year of the board of directors for Evangelical Settlement is called for Wednesday morning, 10 o'clock, at the Settlement House, on South Twelfth street.

MISS MARGARET GORMAN

HOTTEST FOR BEAU NOTS
In her courtesy to her social club, the Beau Nots, Miss Margaret Gorman, on Saturday afternoon afforded rather the go-as-you-please pleasure, quite acceptable as a week-end relaxation from a strenuous holiday seven day. None was present except the club members.

THE WOMEN'S CLUB MEETS

TO OBSERVE BIRTHDAY
Having decided to have no formal celebration in former years, the Women's club has invited Dr. J. L. Kessler, dean of Baylor university to repeat his address on "The Teaching of the Bible and Science," which was so cordially received upon its first delivery. This will be this afternoon in the home of Mrs. Charles Boynton. None other than the club will be present.

MONDAY AFTERNOON TEAS

ARE INFORMALLY POURED
On Monday afternoon two homes found guests informally welcomed and entertained with the sociable cup of tea.

In the first Mrs. W. E. Darden called in just a very few, to spend an hour with Mrs. E. A. Temple, whose visit to the old home is drawing to a close. This also was an opportunity to say adieu to the sister in the home, Miss Grace Prather, who, with Thursday, is returning to her art study in New York City and to meet the home guest, Miss Louise Johnson of San Marcos.
In the other, Mrs. Frank Forman bespoke the immediate neighbors for a new year greeting with her Waco ington street home. This was also a tea pouring, but whenever one says afternoon tea, one implies a sociable hour.

BUSINESS WOMEN'S LEAGUE

IS READY FOR KNOTTING
With the generosity of Sanger Brothers, the wholesale rooms are now ready for the "knotting" bees for the Business Women's League. The rooms are requested for use by women at large who have them. Should any be so inclined, telephone the Woulfe book store. The material is donated, and it is now, go to work to make five hundred comforters for the Belgian women who are sufferers. Parties are forming, some from among the Baylor university girls, some from among the women's clubs, and some among the church societies. The idea is for the comforters to be continuously within the frames, and for the women to drop in as leisure permits, to tie as many knots as possible. Committees from the league are in charge, and the rooms will be open until the material is used. Mrs. Flora Cameron as the Waco representative upon the national committee of mercy will receive this donation from the Business Women's league, and forward through the proper channels. The league has met the strat, and the women of Waco must follow.

THE CAKE WALKERS ENJOY

ALL SORTS OF GOOD TIME
It proved a happy hour of Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Hale to afford a reunion of the Cake Walkers, by their personal invitation, out at the Huaco club. Since these had done the burnt cork specialty as cake walkers, one should be entertained in their own specialties, so Miss Bernice Young was invited to give some of her inimitable laments some of her dark songs. These came as intervals to the dance. Programs were used, and several dance engagements filled, before adjournment to the supper room. It was here that Mrs. Hale had in waiting a pretty table, the very last of the Christmas flower. The very dishes desired were ready, and the supper feature made one of the evening's pleasures. The Cake Walkers, one merry time. Dr. and Mrs. Hale had to enjoy with them this pleasure among the young folks, Mr. and Mrs. O. L. Strubling, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Boynton, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Goodhue, Doctors Nutter and Eastland, Rottahue Smith of Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Cross, Mr. and Mrs. William Cameron, Mrs. Flora Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bolton, Ralph Fairchild and Blair Strubling.

MRS. GARDNER HOSTESS

FOR HENRY MILNER
The last of the home visit by Henry Milner and his guest, Gerald Shumate, before their return to Los Angeles, was an evening assembly of the friends with whom they had made merry during the holidays. This came out at the Country Club on Saturday evening and was in addition to the compliment, an occasion for good-byes until school days are gone again. Young Milner and Shumate were off for California the very next day. In thus being hostess for the young set.

Mrs. Gardner provided the pleasure of a country Club dance, informal as the younger society form, but with good music, a supper feature, and a good time was the order of enjoyment for Misses Helen Williams, Virginia Eddins, Edith Weddington, Elizabeth Logan, Esther Losenby, Adrienne Wilkes, Abigail Wilkes, Florrie Neale Cooper, Neil Orand, Nannie Rose Clisbee, Erin McDaniel, Helen Miller, Camille Seary, Fay Smith, Lee Ella Elliott, Ruby Fairly, Johnnie Tilley, with Henry Milner, Gerald Shumate, C. J. George, John Thompson, Neal Prade, Howard Fraser, Jack West, Lee Woodward, Kenneth Smith, Herman Olenbush, Scott Hill, Ludwell Lincoln, Connally Willis, William Neale, Jr., Earle Farrell, Robert McKnight, Bruton Orand, Frank Smith, Lawson Puckett.

MISS KATHERINE RISHER

HAS THE BLUE BONNETS
The round of holiday pleasure with the Blue Bonnets reached its climax with the president, Miss Katherine Risher, on Saturday evening. This was a climax in that it was a masquerade, and also in that it reached the last of the good times. It is already back to classes and books. Miss Risher, in extending her invitations, let it be known that her guests were to appear in mask. Some of the costume impersonations were pretty and some comic, all combined into a picturesque review when the opening promenade was made. It was during this that the prettiest costumes were selected by judges. The girls presented to Ben Lee Boynton as Prince Charming, also a box of bon bons to Miss Lillian Beasley as Folly. But there were others, the cute little Pocahontas, the matador, Pierrot, Margaret Jackson, Lillian Beasley, Margaret Lacy, Eleanor Cameron, Hester Foster, Ardath Ellis with Oliver Halbert, William Sleeper, Charles Hubank, Chalmers Hubby, Ben Lee Boynton, Hardy Hill, George McCullough, Chas. Boynton, H. J. Caulfield, George McCullough, Orgain McCullough, Charles Brazelton, Aldredge Fort, John Powers, William Brewer, Terry Williams, Fredrick, Ramond, Montgomery, Wendal Stiles, Harold Wallaf, John Milam, William Colgin, De Shay Patton, Francis Shelton.
The specialty of the evening was the last of the talented little dancer, Miss Margaret Yates.

Society Notes

Miss Neilson Gillespie is conductor of a society dancing class out at tea.

Mrs. Edgar Witt and her guest, Mrs. Eleanor Maury, of San Antonio, will go down for the inaugural ball.

Among new matrons with change of residence is noted Mrs. F. M. Comp-ton. She is now in the Holloway home, out on North Fifth street.

Today notes the arrival from Cleveland, Ohio, of Mrs. W. A. Badger. She will spend several weeks with her sister, Mrs. Charles Moore, on Columbus street.

Women of Waco, watch for the "Made in Waco" signs; order the "Made in Waco" goods. You will be surprised to find how many products are available.

After three weeks, following her fractured arm, with her sisters, the Misses Halbert, Mrs. Theodore Ray is again matron in her own home, Twenty-first and Ethel.

In her return to Houston on Monday, Miss Lillian Halbert resumed her class in decorative art in the Rice institute. She will continue with her sister, Mrs. Louis Graham, until June.

The next of us who visit New York City will have the privilege of seeing the great Altman collection of art, just opened to the public in the new salons of the Metropolitan Art Museum.

If you should see anything marked "C. Z." where would you locate it? In the Canal Zone, to be sure; however, these letters just have been put in common, so we must be informed as to what they indicate.

Pollyanna, which Miss Jeannette Allen of Cleburne will read in her graduating recital at Baylor next Saturday afternoon, in less than the two years of its existence has been published in twenty-four editions, and reached the sale of 225,000 copies.

Some one in pleading for the cotton gown uses to describe it the ad-

SUFFERED 3 MONTHS

WITH ECZEMA

On Hands and Arms. Itched and Burned. Face Disfigured. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. In One Week's Time Well.

Shryock, W. Va. "My sister had the worst case of eczema I ever saw. She could get no rest day or night. Her hands and arms were one mass of watery blisters. They itched and burned so she had to scratch and that irritated and made it worse. There was some on her face which was disfigured while it was broken out. She suffered for three months.

"She called in the doctor and he told her to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. She washed with the Cuticura Soap and used the Cuticura Ointment on three times a day. The first time it gave her relief and in one week's time she was well."

(Signed) Miss Jennie Scott, October 28, '14.

Cuticura Soap to cleanse and purify. Cuticura Ointment to soothe and heal quickly, remove itching skin troubles of infants, children and adults as well as clear the skin of lesser blemishes such as pimples, blackheads, redness and roughness.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With 32-p. Skin Book on request. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston." Sold throughout the world.

To Spread Gospel of "Twilight Sleep"



MRS. JOHN JACOB ASTOR.

Because they believe in "twilight sleep," a group of far-sighted women, among them Mrs. John Jacob Astor, widow of the multimillionaire who perished in the Titanic disaster, have organized an association to give the world of mothers authentic information concerning the treatment. "In the first place," said Mrs. Mary W. Dennett, temporary chairman of the new organization, "we shall establish an office with a secretary to answer all sorts of questions about 'twilight sleep.' We shall circulate pamphlets on the subject and arrange lectures. Then we shall further the introduction of the Freiburg method in the existing hospitals. It already exists partially in ten New York hospitals. But our greatest aim shall be to establish a teaching hospital where doctors from all over the country can come and learn this method of obviating pain at childbirth. It is our aim to establish a maternity hospital similar to the clinic at Freiburg, where a skilled group of doctors who have themselves studied at Freiburg will take charge of the work."

Several days with Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Smyth, North Seventeenth street.

Mrs. Eleanor Maury of San Antonio is due as the guest of Mrs. Edgar Witt, Twelfth and Barnard.

Mr. and Mrs. William Early of Cotton Palace Heights are at home from their holiday visit in Austin.

Mrs. Perry Neale of North Fifth street is at home from a holiday visit in her former home, Navasota.

Miss Louise Johnson of San Marcos is the guest, for a few days, of Miss Grace Prather, Eleventh and Austin.

Miss Annie Maxwell of the South Side spent the holidays with her sister, Mrs. Charles Maxwell, in Temple.

Among today's arrivals will be that of Mrs. George Hoeft with George and Edward Hoeft, from Columbus, Ohio.

The Misses Alice and Nancy Brazelton of Austin avenue are at home from New Year visit to Marlin friends.

After spending the holidays with Mrs. A. P. Hickson, on the South Side, Miss Josephine Hickson has returned to Baird.

Miss Bess Long of Eighteenth and Barnard returned home to Taylor with her sister, Mrs. Hyman Melasky, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hewlett, who have been visiting in the Gulf states during the holidays, are due at the Kyle today.

Mrs. W. R. Johnston has been called from San Antonio by the illness of her father, S. B. McKunkin, out at Highland Place.

Mrs. Keith Watson Matthews, Sixteenth and Morrow, is at home from spending the holidays with her sister, Mrs. A. B. Small, in Dallas.

Mrs. Ermine Carrington and Miss Pauline Carrington, who were New Year guests of Mrs. R. H. Baker in Austin, are at home.

The Meadams John B. McNamara of Herring avenue and Bolivar streets of North Fifteenth street are at home from Marlin, where they were holiday guests of their mother, Mrs. L. W. Goodrich.

NEW DANCES—Standardized by New York society teachers of Dancing: Waltz, Canter, Lull, Fado, Foxtrot, Syncopated Canter, Viennese Hesitation, Onstep, etc. PROF. LONG, new phone 2483. New dancing Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays 8 to 11.

So many pretty little calendars passed with the coming of the new year, it is not a bad idea to stick one of these into the shopping bag. It will be convenient more than once. We noticed one with blank leaves for shopping notes; also, a page giving postal information, and days to be specially remembered within the year.

The Mary West chapter is making preparation for their annual observance of the Lee-Jackson birthday. These are not exactly cold, but these are the celebration is a joint one. It is now the plan to have an open program session with social feature. Mrs. T. A. Blair's circle from among the chapter members will be the immediate hostesses.

Among the departures of Monday was that of Miss Lillian Halbert for Houston.

Miss Nina Belle Payne of North Fifteenth street has returned to the State university.

Among Monday's arrivals was that of Mr. and Mrs. Jack de Rouleau from Toronto, Canada. They are spending

several days with Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Smyth, North Seventeenth street.

Mrs. Eleanor Maury of San Antonio is due as the guest of Mrs. Edgar Witt, Twelfth and Barnard.

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Miss Louise Johnson of San Marcos is the guest, for a few days, of Miss Grace Prather, Eleventh and Austin.

CLEARANCE OF SHOES

At Prices that Are Absolutely Astonishing

Women's \$5 Shoes

\$1.45

200 pairs of Women's Buckskin Shoes, in blue, brown, grey, white and black; also black satin; splendid for dress or street wear.



Women's Shoes at

80c

150 pairs of Women's Shoes in small sizes, mostly lace models; vici and patent; regularly priced at \$3.50 and \$4.00. Wonderful bargain.

\$4.00 Satin Pumps

Fine Pumps of pink, blue and red Satin and Black Velvet, all good styles, from our regular \$4.00 stock. Clearance Special

95c

Misses' Shoes at

70c

Regular \$2.00 and \$2.50 Shoes for Misses and Girls; sizes 11-12 to 2; Black Cravette, black Velvet top and Patent Kid; good styles.

Winter Clearance — Prices Reduced in All Departments

THE GOLDSTEIN-MIGEL CO.

"WACO'S GREATEST DEPARTMENT STORE"

Vacations End and Schools in Session

Christmas vacations in the public schools ended yesterday morning and classes were taken up again, as usual. Prof. J. C. Lattimore, superintendent of city schools, said last night that the principals had not yet reported as to what the attendance was, but that he understood most of the children were back in their places.

Baylor university and the Academy of the Sacred Heart both resumed work again yesterday, and St. Basil's will open for a resumption of classes on Wednesday for boarding pupils and Thursday for day pupils.

PERSONAL MENTION

Mrs. W. C. O'Bryan of McGregor is the guest of her son, Sidney O'Bryan.

Victor Bunata, deputy county clerk, was back at work yesterday after a short illness.

E. F. Drake, secretary of the Chamber of Commerce, was confined to his home yesterday by severe illness.

Miss Pauline Breunstedt, who has been spending the holidays here, has returned to school in Philadelphia.

T. N. Bemis, a merchant at Sulphur Springs, was in Waco yesterday. He is planning to move his family to Marlin.

Leo Francis, traveling passenger agent of the Texas and Pacific railway, with headquarters at Fort Worth, was in Waco yesterday.

Rev. J. B. Tidwell of Baylor university filled the pulpit at the First Baptist church at Temple Sunday, returning here yesterday.

Miss Pattie Casseday, instructor in music in the Corsicana schools, has returned home after spending the holidays with relatives here.

Mrs. Sam Sanger and daughter, Mrs. A. T. Godshaw, with Mrs. Godshaw's little daughter, Eva, will return today from a visit of some length in New York.

Rev. J. M. Dawson, pastor of the First Baptist church, went to Temple yesterday, where he and Mrs. Dawson will be guests at a farewell reception tonight. They will move their household effects here tomorrow and will be in Waco continuously after that time.

Andy J. May, assistant commercial agent of the L. & G. N. railway, of this city, has returned from the bedside of his father, who is ill at San Antonio. He reports his parent much improved.

Judge W. E. Spell and Rev. W. L. Williamson were in Hillsboro yesterday.

CITY NEWS BRIEFS.

Lester Howell and W. L. Bates, charged with gaming, were fined \$100 each in police court yesterday.

The appearance docket will be called in the Nineteenth district court at 9 o'clock this morning and in the county court at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Yesterday was first Monday and accompanied by good weather there was an unusually large number of city hall square.

R. E. Brown, official press agent of Southwestern university, Georgetown, who has been spending the Christmas holidays with his father, Rev. R. G. Brown, pastor of the Holy Trinity Methodist church, has returned to his school duties.

Too much Christmas resulted in Charles Watkins being sent to the county jail for thirty days. He entered a plea of guilty in the county court yesterday to aggravated assault and battery on Bennie Blacker, on Christmas day, the assault having been made with a knife.

Throwing a rock into the residence of George Greener at Leroy was the charge made against August Podze, a clerk yesterday in the county court. The rock throwing was said to have taken place on December 10, Podze being charged with malicious mischief.

Judge George N. Denton fined him \$5.

Traffic at Seventh and Austin streets was blocked for a short time yesterday afternoon when an auto delivery wagon belonging to L. W. Friedman struck the rear end of an automobile belonging to S. E. Baine. The wheel of the Friedman car became jammed between the fender and spring on the Baine car and required some time to remove it. Neither car was damaged to any extent.

C. H. Machen and W. E. Lessing has formed a law partnership and established offices on the fifth floor of the Peerless building. The firm name is Machen & Lessing. Both of the young men have been engaged in the lumber business in Waco, Machen having been manager for the Brazelton-Pryor lumber yards here for the past seven years and Lessing has been in Waco for a number of years.

DEATH RATE LOWER THAN FOR ANY YEAR

Ten Less Deaths Per Month From Preventable Diseases Than Ever in Waco's History.

Deaths in Waco from preventable diseases from April 1 to December 1, 1914, were on an average of ten per month less than for any similar length of time in the city's history, according to records of the health department. The department was placed under direct charge of the health commissioner on April 1. Records from that date were compiled by Dr. R. F. Minnock, city physician, and Health Officer Jim Wakefield. The December record has not yet been made up.

According to Dr. Minnock there was not a single death in Waco from preventable disease during the month of November, that the health department has been advised of. One death occurred from diphtheria, the deceased residing a few blocks outside the city limits.

This death rate of Waco is declared by officers of the health department to be lower than any city of similar size from which records are obtainable by that department. Complete figures covering the death rate for Waco for the nine months passed will be made up by the health department within a short time.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

(Reported by McLennan County Abstract Co.)

R. M. Killough et ux to R. B. Killough, lot 4, block NN, West End addition, \$3,000.
Fred Stuebe to J. W. Pearson, lot 18, block 8, N. Beall addition, 450.
Mrs. S. Ballard to W. R. Grice, 148 acres La Vega grant, 11,600.
West End Realty Co. to Ben C. Richards, lots 10 and 11, block 1, West End addition, 600.
J. W. Holloway et ux to A. E. Jack, 75x175 feet on South Eighth street, near Spaight street, 3,000.
W. Bruner et ux to H. C. Bruner, lot 13, block 12, Dean addition, 500.
B. Kuras to J. W. Pearson, 50 by 499 feet on South Third street, part Gurley tract, 1,900.
C. B. Bates et ux to W. D. Thompson, 54.56 acres A. R. Vaid survey, 7,906.
Sam Combs et ux to H. L. Marshall, tract in Moody, 1,800.
M. D. Shields et ux to J. H. Talton, lot 14, block 4, Paul Quinn addition, 225.
J. L. Brockenbrough, Jr. to E. B. Brockenbrough, part block 23, Reynolds addition, 1,236.
D. F. Marrs et ux to J. M. Marrs, lot 8, block 9, Bagby addition, 2,750.
I. J. Mayfield to J. W. Cox, lot 1, city block 12, 2,500.

Bankruptcy Petition.

Sanger Brothers of Dallas and Waco, the Kinsella Hat company of Dallas, and the Higdon-Halley-Lagan company of Dallas have filed a petition in the federal court asking that C. M. Bodenheimer, merchant at Coolidge, Limestone county, be declared in involuntary bankruptcy.

Beautiful girls at the Cozy Theatre, 5c and 10c—(Adv.)

ITCHING NEARLY DROVE A WHOLE FAMILY CRAZY

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 24, 1914:—

"My husband had a rash all over his body, and soon the WHOLE FAMILY was in the same condition. It looked scaly and raised up on the arms and body in big bumps. This trouble burned and itched so that it would nearly drive one crazy. It was always worse at night, so we could not sleep. We all had this trouble for about two or three years, and during that time tried many remedies and prescriptions with no results. We tried Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap and it RELIEVED AT ONCE, and before the third jar of ointment had been used, we were all completely cured. It has been four months since we were cured, and there are no traces of the trouble."—(Signed) Mrs. S. A. Clarkson, 1529 Lawn Ave.

Every drugist sells Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. For trial free, write to Dept. 1-R, Resinol, Baltimore.

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Waco Boy Assisted Triangle Club Trip

Berry Brazelton, a student at Princeton, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Brazelton of this city, was one of the managers of the trip made during the holidays of the famous Triangle Club of Princeton.

The Triangle Club this year presented "The Fle, the Fle, the Fle." The characters and dialogue were written by W. M. Ellis, president of the club, and the lyrics and plot by F. S. Fitzgerald. A. L. Booth wrote the music. Scenery for the production was furnished by Klaw and Erlanger. Lewis Hooper of New York coached the performers.

The show carried an orchestra of twenty-three men. The first performance was given at Brooklyn December 23, followed by performances at Baltimore, Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit and the last performance at Pittsburgh December 31.

A special train carried the performers. Brazelton was one of the committee in charge of the arrangements for

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Notice to Subscribers:

Delivery routes in the City of Waco are in the hands of independent carriers, who buy their papers at wholesale prices. Subscription accounts are due them, not The Waco Morning News. They are under heavy bond, not only to give the best delivery service, but to pay for their papers each month. Their remuneration is the difference between the wholesale price and the retail price which they receive from subscribers. This margin of profit is such that they cannot afford to extend credit, except month by month. They are not required, and they are advised against delivering the paper to anyone who does not pay in accordance with the above subscription terms. These carriers are all earnest, hard working men and they will appreciate any courtesy shown them.

The Morning News should be delivered throughout the City of Waco by 8:30 a. m., and subscribers failing to receive the paper at that time will confer a favor by phoning the Circulation Department, both phones 1132, and a copy will be sent by special messenger.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of The Morning News will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

Publishers' Notice.

The Southern Publishing Company, in taking over the properties of the News Publishing Company, necessarily agreed to fulfill all existing contracts, advertising and otherwise. Our readers may therefore find advertisements in these columns not indexed by the general policy of The News.

LIQUOR AND EFFICIENCY.

Tactics that mislead has long been one of the instruments used by the liquor traffic in its political campaigns. That form of tactics is now being employed in the advertising propaganda carried on by some of the liquor houses, and it is up to the friends of temperance and sobriety to meet and correct those false impressions.

One of the striking cases of such misinformation was contained in a recent advertisement of a brand of liquor which was given wide publicity. A doctor was pictured at his desk and quoted as saying, "When I find any of my patients in need of a wholesome tonic to strengthen their systems and stimulate their nerves, I always prescribe nutrition."

Now it has been well established by medical science that liquor is only a temporary stimulant, that it unduly excites rather than permanently builds up the nerves, and no well-informed doctor administers intoxicating liquor as a permanent stimulant and system builder. The majority of them use but very little liquor, if any at all, in treating their patients.

Other illustrations purported to show the lawyer, tired out by a day of technical court proceedings, preparing himself for a refreshing night's sleep; the merchant, fagged out mentally and physically, refreshing himself in body and mind; the laborer, maintaining his strength, skill and clear head; and the farmer keeping his health good, after the crops were laid by, by resorting to this same stock of intoxicating liquor.

Nothing could be further from the truth than the representations that liquor promotes health or efficiency. On the other hand, it undermines both.

Health is strength—whiskey means weakness.

Health is success—whiskey means failure.

Health is a clear eye, a clear brain, a steady hand—not one of these goes with whiskey.

Health, above all, is a firm will, the power to stick to work, the power to keep a promise. Whiskey destroys the will cunningly, makes truth a liar, fills graveyards, and yet there are some victims who have deluded themselves into the belief that when they drink it they are increasing their faculties and promoting their comfort.

But the facts are against them. Laboratory tests have proved that an office man who takes only one glass of beer daily decreases his efficiency seven per cent. The life-insurance companies have declared that even the moderate drinker is a poor risk in comparison with the total abstainer. Many of the largest corporations that employ labor have established a rule to the effect that the man who drinks liquor must cease to work for them. Secretary Daniels banished liquor from the American navy because there are ten times as many admissions to the hospital from the American navy on account of liquor, as there are from the British navy, and nearly fifty times as many admissions from the same cause as there are from the German navy.

The economic argument against liquor is more persuasive than the moral and political ones, and when the great majority of sensible men see that liquor is decreasing their efficiency they are going to cut it out, provided it has not too greatly impaired their will power and their mental capacity.

That 15 per cent dividend declared by the Amicable Life Insurance company is an evidence of the prosperity that will come to home institutions when they are properly patronized. Let's get the habit of fostering home industries during 1915.

A STEP IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION.

The Morning News is glad of the opportunity to commend the action of the city commission yesterday in adopting the several suggestions of Mayor Riggins looking to extending the time for the full payment of city taxes, providing work for a larger number of the unemployed, and arranging for the purchase by the city of its own improvement bonds in order to hasten the day when the proceeds from their sale will be available for the contemplated public work.

And just as cordially do we approve the stand of the city officials in refusing to boycott Mexican labor, as they were petitioned to do. We join the commissioners in the belief that to give preference to married men with families to support is justified, when it comes to giving out employment, in times like the present, and while it may be discrimination in a way, it is a discrimination in favor of the largest good to the largest number, and no racial or political prejudice is involved in that decision, as there would have been in a decision to forbid work being given to Mexicans and negroes, a position which the city authorities were petitioned to take.

We believe that residents of Waco should be given the preference over a floating population in the giving of employment, but we are not in favor of discriminating against a negro or a Mexican who has the good fortune to be a resident of this city. To take such a course would be hurtful in many respects. There is labor to be performed here for which the negro and the Mexican are better capacitated than the white man, and if we should drive either the negro or the Mexican out of our midst by denying him work we will suffer the consequences, economically, when normal times return, as we trust they will do soon, and the demand for common manual labor again becomes great.

In a state of the size and resources of Texas there is work and plenty of it for the white man, the negro and the Mexican in normal times, and for us to commit the blunder of giving way to racial or political prejudice at this time, thus adding to our other troubles, would complicate matters rather than solve them.

We feel a first duty to those of our own blood, as a matter of course, but we owe just as binding duty to those of less fortunate races than ourselves, and in the distribution of labor the negroes and Mexicans should be given their proportionate share of the work for which they are best fitted, just as the white men should be given their proportionate share of the higher grade of work, for which they are best fitted. Discrimination will multiply our troubles rather than lessen them, and we are glad the city officials have taken this view of the matter.

A great majority of the men of this city who have been forced into idleness by the depressed business conditions want a chance to work, and if they are given that chance even for half time at a normal wage, they will be able to earn enough to keep themselves and their families from becoming charges upon public charity, which every self-respecting man wants to do.

It has been the conviction of the Morning News all along that if the city, the large private corporations, and the business interests of Waco would co-operate in providing employment for those whose existence depends upon it, the situation that has prevailed for the past few months could be rapidly remedied. And we wish here to renew our oft-repeated suggestion that now while labor and material are cheap is the best time in the world to make improvements. If you have a house to repair or build, proceed to do it now. Or if you need any other work done, have it done now. You will save money for yourself and help another just as deserving as you, perhaps, by giving him an opportunity to earn a few dollars for himself and family.

Times are going to improve if we will all put our shoulders to the wheel and push forward instead of pulling backward.

French banks are to resume payment on demand of deposits and current accounts, according to the news dispatches, but France and all the other warring nations are contracting a debt to humanity and civilization, through the slaughter of men and the sacrifice of homes, that can never be paid, no matter how strong their financial credit may be.

The Y. M. B. L. and the Chamber of Commerce are going to line up on the campaign to make farming in McLennan county profitable. Now let the business men generally and the farmers, too, co-operate liberally on the proposition and there will be more money to spend in Waco this year than for many seasons past.

Some of the candidates for city commissioner are suggesting the need of a city manager for Waco. We will concede the need, but if we are to have a city manager to conduct the city's affairs, why pay the city commissioners a salary to boss the manager?

The cigarette smoker whose carelessness is alleged to have started the \$500,000 fire at Camden, N. J., Sunday should inaugurate a crusade among his fellow smokers in this country for "safety first."

A new "Style Song" will now be in order for the Y. M. B. L., since Waco is going to make it the style to buy "Made in Waco" products this year.

IMPROVING PUBLIC HEALTH.

Life is the greatest asset of the nation and all persons interested in the advance of the general welfare of the country will note with pleasure the reports from New York, Boston and other large cities telling of the advance made during 1914 in decreasing the death rate in those centers of population.

New York's death rate for the year just closed was 13.40 per 1000 population, the lowest in the history of the city, while there was a total of 149,647 children born in the big metropolis, an increase of 5513 over the corresponding year. New York has been paying a great deal of attention to the causes of infant mortality, and the fact that the death rate among children is being rapidly cut down is one of the most hopeful indications connected with the problems of the congested centers.

Likewise in Boston the lowest death rate in history was recorded there for 1914, though the death rate there was higher than in New York. A total of 11,803 persons died in the Hub City last year, representing a rate of 15.8 per 1000, as compared with 16.1 per 1000 in 1913. Not a child was born blind in Boston last year, a remarkable showing in itself.

Ignorance more than carelessness has been responsible for the high death rate all over the country, and the more information that is disseminated over the country as to how human life can be conserved the fewer deaths there will be. And when the people as a whole begin to solve the problem of conserving human life, they also will study the next most important problem, that of making that life efficient in all that that much-used word implies.

And if the large cities of the country, with their multiplied problems of congestion, sanitation, proper housing and the like can so materially reduce their death rates, the smaller cities of the country and the rural districts as well ought to be able to make a still larger showing, and could if the proper effort in that direction were made.

A MAN UNDER FIRE.

What are a man's feelings under fire? inquires the New York Sun. It is a question of unflinching and dread anticipation in every war. The untold soldier marching to the firing line asks himself whether he will have the physical courage to face the ordeal and go through it honorably. The people at home who read of the shock of conflict and the sickening casualties wonder how flesh and blood can stand the roar of the guns, the unending crash of rifle fire, the shrieking of shrapnel, the sinister whine of bullets, and the repulsive sights of the battlefield, its dead twisted in horrible shapes and the wounded mangled and helpless. A British surgeon whose work takes him to the base hospitals in France has talked with many soldiers about their experiences under fire and they have told him how it affected them.

A soldier who had his baptism of fire in the fighting about Arras says that when the shrapnel fell around him and the "Black Marias" plowed the ground nearby, sending up hideous columns of smoke, "every instinct of body and mind prompted flight," and only by a great effort of will power he held fast his rifle and faced the enemy. And he had taken his position with more curiosity than fear. Another man confessed that he was terribly frightened when he came under fire, "but the feeling passed away after a while, leaving me rather tired and only a little anxious." A third was surprised when the reality proved to be not as bad as the anticipation; he expected that he would have to run away and ended by taking an optimistic view of his chances. "Under fire these men," says the inquirer, "found a self hitherto unsuspected, that elusive quality which for want of a better name is called manhood."

"Second courage" sometimes comes to soldiers who behave badly at first. A British officer met about 100 men retreating from a trench where they had suffered "a really terrible bombardment with shells and shrapnel." He stopped them, calmly said they must go back into the trench, and with impressive face led them there. They stayed and gave a very good account of themselves.

The soldier who says that he is indifferent to fire may usually be set down as a braggart, but this medical officer believes that some men are really impervious to fear when under fire. The average man learns to school himself. He concludes that his chances of coming out all right are fairly good, the work grips him and his fears wane if they do not entirely disappear. An army officer wounded at Ypres sums up: "You want to go back (that is, to the firing line and the trench), not because it is pleasant there, but because staying away is just impossible."

No war has tried men's souls more than the great struggle in Europe, for the excitement and glory have gone out of battle, and war has become a soul-harrowing duty to endure an almost continuous hail of shrapnel and machine-gun fire in insanitary trenches, with occasional and even more deadly exposure to rifle volleys and expert marksmanship, men fighting in this scientific and terrible way without seeing, except rarely, the faces of the enemy, and always in ignorance of the issue of the day's fighting along the "far flung" battle line. Sieges in the open have taken the place of encounters that could be decided in a day or two days at the most, and the casualties in their volume are stupefying. Yet the terrible ordeal does not shake the soul of the soldier. The "red badge of courage" is as conspicuous as ever.

With the war still in progress, congress in session and the state legislature due to convene a week from today, there will be plenty doing for the next few weeks.

Hoke Smith to Co'quit

Washington, Jan. 3.—United States senator Hoke Smith, who has been acting as chairman of the cotton committee of the senate, which has been seeking to improve trans-Atlantic shipping conditions, has set forth the details of this committee's work in a letter to Governor Colquitt, replying to the Texas governor's request that congress enact legislation that will open up European commerce to the cotton interests.

Governor O. B. Colquitt, Austin, Texas.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of the twenty-first, enclosing copy of your letter to the senators from Texas, reached me on Saturday. After carefully reading it, I am impressed with the fact that you, as you are with the responsible duties of the office which you fill, you naturally are not familiar with what has been going on here.

I note what you say about quotations for cotton in Germany at 1914, cents per pound. I have heard also of these reported prices for cotton in Germany, but I have been satisfied that the figures are exaggerated. Cotton, however, is bringing in many a price much in excess of the price which it brings in Great Britain, due to the serious difficulty of carrying the product through the lines of belligerents and through the various mines that have been scattered into the waters to be used.

I note you say that after a long delay in the matter you see that the British premier has announced cotton is not contraband of war. This announcement was made more than two months ago. You probably are not aware of the fact that during the last session of congress upon my motion a committee of five senators were appointed to look into this subject. The committee was appointed upon Thursday and the English ambassador gave out a complete declaration upon the subject from Sir Edward Grey on the Monday following. The English government had already expressed itself upon this subject, and indeed there was no doubt about the fact that cotton was non-contraband, and the official publication made during the latter part of October that was especially valuable and which was freely carried by the Associated Press. My object in having this done was not so much to obtain the declaration, but to use the declaration to stimulate cotton shipments. As you state, the French government made a similar announcement.

I note your suggestion that you have been in public print that "Great Britain and France object to ships taking cotton to Germany for fear they will load all empty ships with German goods." I have heard of no such objection by Great Britain, nor have any of the shippers with whom I have co-operated here suggested such a difficulty.

Further on you say "I beg the liberty of requesting that you take up the subject vigorously with the national government." Having been actively engaged in pursuing this question, passed by the senate, for more than two months in this work, and having received the most cordial co-operation from the state department, I hardly understand what you mean by the suggestion that the question should be vigorously taken up with the national government. I have also been in conference with the British ambassador and with other representatives of foreign countries, seeking thereby to facilitate cotton exports. Vessels have been chartered and are being chartered, to sail from southern ports carrying cotton. In Savannah our cotton merchants have purchased vessels, and placed upon them the American flag. In other instances they have chartered British vessels to carry cotton to Germany. I have obtained from the German ambassador his approval of transfers of British vessels to the American flag subsequent to the commencement of the war, and action on the part of the

German government which will free these vessels from molestation in German waters.

I note your suggestion that cotton be shipped to Italian ports and trans-ported from there by rail through Switzerland to Germany, thus obviating the ships taking the cotton through the Straits of Dover and the North Sea, both of which are reported to be heavily mined. England and France have interposed no objections to shipments of this character. The difficulty is that the Italian government, by reason of its own relations with Germany and Austria, has declined to permit the exportation of goods from Italy into those countries and has refused to allow cotton carried to Italian ports to be shipped into Germany. The state department is doing all that it can to facilitate the modification of this view by the Italian government. The difficulty has been that the relations between the Italian government and Germany and Austria have been such that as a matter of precaution the Italian government has warned against an effort to ship from Italy into Austria and Germany.

You note that the rates on cotton for the Straits of Dover and the North Sea are exorbitant, and also you say the insurance rates are exorbitant. I am not an expert on shipping, but I understand the transportation of cotton and insurance companies feel hesitation about assuming the risk through a zone so complicated by war.

I note that you express the opinion that the Italian government would take the subject up vigorously cotton could be shipped to Genoa, and then transported through the northern portion of Italy and through Switzerland to Germany. This thought is not a new one. It has occurred to all of us and some cotton has been shipped through Genoa in the way that you suggest. Indeed, before the order of the Italian government was passed forbidding shipments out of Italy a cargo sailed from Savannah for Genoa and we are seeking to arrange a modification of the order so that it will not preclude the transportation of cotton to the place of final destination. Of course if the present neutrality of Italy should cease, there would be no way to overcome the difficulty.

I am very much impressed with all the lines of thought that you present in your letter. Indeed, the same lines of thought have been in my mind for more than two months, and active efforts have been made to overcome war complications surrounding cotton shipments. Quite a large quantity of cotton has gone abroad in the past forty days, and I think a considerable portion of it has been due to the efforts of the state department and senators and representatives here who have been continually at work upon the subject.

I will give you an illustration: An English vessel was chartered to sail with 15,000 bales of cotton from Savannah. The English government placed a requisition upon the vessel, and after the charter was made, the captain refused to sail. Through the state department the facts were brought promptly to the attention of the British government; they released the requisition and arranged to use the vessel in their own service, thus avoiding interference with our commerce.

It is natural that one so far away from the scene of action should not realize the serious troubles which surround the case. Even here, the efforts of the diplomats and near to the state department, it is difficult for any of us to fully appreciate the hindrances that surround shipments upon the other side of the Atlantic. I still regret that the eleven southern states have done so little to aid the cotton situation themselves. It is probably true, however, that the governors of these states are difficult cases. We do not appreciate, just as we see difficulties here which the governors do not seem to appreciate. Thanking you for the courtesy of sending me your letter, I remain, Very cordially,

HOKE SMITH.

Relief of Destitute in Mexico Started

Washington, Jan. 4.—Relief of destitute non-combatants in northern Mexico has been undertaken by the American Red Cross. Arrangements have been made by telegram for the purchase of enough corn to relieve the immediate needs of several thousand families reported to be starving in the vicinity of Monterey, and tomorrow Acting National Director S. P. Morris will leave for the southwest to make a personal appeal to commercial organizations for aid.

Major General Davis, chairman of the Red Cross central committee, in a letter to Mr. Morris today described conditions in Mexico as "most acute." "The crying need of these poor people is food and clothing, especially food," wrote General Davis, "and very fortunately, for us, their needs are for such commodities as are easiest found in the United States, in most cases, corn, beans and rice."

The central committee of the Red Cross feels that if the existing conditions, especially in the border towns of Mexico are personally brought to the knowledge of chambers of commerce and boards of trade in the principal cities of the southwest, they will be glad to respond to these appeals and send forward carloads of supplies.

Mr. Morris will go first to St. Louis, Kansas City, Albuquerque, Clovis, El Paso, San Antonio, and Laredo and then make a trip for personal inspection of conditions in the neighborhood of Monterey, Matamoros and Chihuahua. Returning he will visit Houston, Beaumont, New Orleans and other southern cities.

New York Bookseller Charged With Fraud

New York, Jan. 4.—Bibles, prayer books and hymn books to the value of \$50,000 are alleged to have been imported fraudulently into the United States by Ferdinand Wildermann, president of C. Wildermann and Co., importers and book sellers of this city, in litigation begun today in the criminal and civil branches of the federal court.

Wildermann was arraigned before United States Judge Pope on a charge of defrauding the government by means of false invoices and consular certificates dating back to 1910. C. Wildermann & Co. were made defendants in a civil suit for \$50,000.

Wire Thieves Busy in Dallas Section

Dallas, Jan. 4.—Daring in every feature of their work was manifested by a band of wire thieves working between Dallas and Fort Worth Sunday night. They made two attempts at stealing copper wire from the Western Union Telegraph company, the first being entirely successful and the second being foiled by the work of Deputy Sheriffs Padgett and McCalpin, who rushed to the scene of their operations in an automobile.

The first wire cutting took place Sunday morning, when the thieves secured more than two hundred pounds of copper wire. Monday morning they again attempted it, but were foiled by a patrol of police. This is said to be the boldest wire-cutting raid ever taking place in Dallas county. The Western Union sent messages by way of Denison.

Trip to Frisco City May Be Postponed

Washington, Jan. 4.—The possibility of a postponement of the cruise of the international fleet from Hampton Roads to San Francisco through the Panama Canal, in connection with the opening of the canal and the exposition, was suggested today in the course of a conference between Secretary Garrison and Colonel Goethals, governor of the canal zone.

Earth movements continue in the neighborhood of old Hill, Tex. The movement is sufficiently extensive to require continuous dredging to maintain the channel.

This can be done to meet the needs of vessels that are now applying for passage. Colonel Goethals reported that he could not guarantee that there would be a channel deep enough and deep enough for draughts.

Navy Pro Bill.

Washington, Jan. 4.—A bill to prohibit the serving of intoxicating liquors to miners on American vessels in waters within the jurisdiction of the United States was introduced today by the house. It would impose a fine of \$500 for violations.

CUT YOUR FEED BILL HALF.
Feed maize heads; delivered by the loan. Clement Grain Co.—Adv.

If you have anything that needs repairing, don't forget to ring Dorsett. I will fix it and it will stay fixed. All work called for and delivered. New phone 210; 610 Austin.—Adv.

Makes Stubborn Coughs Vanish in a Hurry

Surprisingly Good Cough Syrup
Easily and Cheaply
Made at Home

If some one in your family has an obstinate cough or a bad throat or chest cold that has been hanging on and refuses to yield to treatment, get from any drug store 2½ ounces of Pinex and make it into a pint of cough syrup, and watch that cough vanish.

Four the 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents worth) into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. The total cost is about 54 cents, and gives you a full pint—a family supply of a most effective remedy, at a saving of \$2.00 a day's use will usually overcome a hard cough. Easily prepared in 5 minutes—full directions with Pinex. Keeps perfectly and has a pleasant taste. Children like it.

It's really remarkable how promptly and easily it loosens the dry, hoarse or tight cough and heals the inflamed membranes in a painful cough. It also stops the formation of phlegm in the throat and bronchial tubes, thus ending the persistent loose cough. A splendid remedy for bronchitis, winter coughs, bronchial asthma and whooping cough.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated extract of the most powerful pine extract, rich in gualacal, which is as healing to the membranes.

Avoid disappointment by asking your druggist for "2½ ounces of Pinex," and do not accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or your money back, preparation or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Letters from the People

Plea for Clean Candy.

To the Waco Morning News:
I desire to call attention to the method of selling Mexican street vendors, in caring for their candy. They may be seen at almost all hours of the day occupying many of the most frequented street corners, with any amount of pecan candy completely exposed to the germ-laden dust.

This candy is very attractive to our little folks, as well as some of the older ones, and there is no fault in my mind but that it is productive of much sickness and disease and possible death.

It is to be observed that each vendor has a "fly" stick with which he makes a pendulum-like stroke to keep the flies off of the candy, but there is no protection from the disease-breeding dust.

I feel that our officers and particularly our health officer should take this in charge and see to it that these vendors keep their candy under glass covers.

Yours truly,
C. C. LEWIS.

Turkeys Pay Well for Care.

Turkeys from five hens and one tom brought me \$235 last year, writes Emma L. Davis in the Valley Farmer. I have a good flock growing now that will be ready for market this month. I still regret that the eleven southern states have done so little to aid the cotton situation themselves.

It is probably true, however, that the governors of these states are difficult cases. We do not appreciate, just as we see difficulties here which the governors do not seem to appreciate. Thanking you for the courtesy of sending me your letter, I remain, Very cordially,

HOKE SMITH.

Just a word on cooping turkeys for shipment. Coop them in secure slatted coops. The coops should be divided by partitions so that each key will be in a space narrow enough to prevent the turkey from turning around, and of sufficient depth and height to accommodate the bird. A cup for drinking water should be securely fastened where it is convenient for each turkey.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For City Commissioner.
Wiley E. Dunken is a candidate for the office of city commissioner, place No. 1 (finance commissioner), subject to the action of the democratic primary, Feb. 16, 1915.

For City Secretary.
John C. Davis is a candidate for reelection to the office of city secretary, subject to the action of the democratic primary, Feb. 16, 1915.

For City Tax Assessor and Collector.
E. M. Ainsworth is a candidate for the office of city tax assessor and collector, subject to the action of the democratic primary, Feb. 16, 1915.

R. L. Stribling is a candidate for reelection to the office of city tax assessor and collector, subject to the action of the democratic primary, Feb. 16, 1915.

Dorsett will weld anything you have. No job too complicated. All work guaranteed. Ring Dorsett, New phone 240; 610 Austin.—(Adv.)

Dorsett will weld anything you have. No job too complicated. All work guaranteed. Ring Dorsett, New phone 240; 610 Austin.—(Adv.)

Premier Sir Rodmond Roblin has announced that the Canadian government will take action to curb the liquor traffic during the war.

Meat Prices Down

Would you like to save from 40 to 25 per cent on your meat account? If so, buy from the Sanitary Market. We sell for cash only. Buy on the cash plan for one month; you will be surprised how much you have saved. Get our prices.

Open Sunday from 6 a. m. until 9 a. m.

Sanitary Meat Market

J. R. Bertrand, Mgr.

COUNCILS GIVEN AS VERY DEPLORABLE

SIR CECIL SPRING-RICE DESCRIBES MEXICO AFFAIRS AS THE WORST EVER.

TURBIDE IS COMMENDED

Former Governor of Federal District Saved Many British and American Lives.

Washington, Jan. 4.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, transmitted to the state department today a copy of a mail report from Charge Hohl of the British legation in Mexico City, saying conditions there a week ago were deplorable.

His commendation was given Eduardo Turbide, former governor of the federal district, for his efforts in saving the lives of Britons and Americans when the Zapata forces entered the city. Since then Turbide has succeeded in getting out of the hands of the Mexican officials, who threatened to execute him, and, according to official reports received today, he is now in the United States.

Since Charge Hohl's report was sent conditions have improved, according to state department advice. The Mexican convention reassembled today and discussed credentials of delegates.

Neither the war nor state departments had any further advice as to the situation at Naco, but the belief prevailed that an adjustment of the difficulties there would be reached on the arrival of General Juan Cabral with 8000 Gutierrez troops.

Eliseo Arredondo, head of the Carranza army, issued a statement tonight summarizing dispatches from Vera Cruz, confirming reports of the capture of General Jesus Carranza, brother of the first chief, by General Alfonso Santibanez in San Geronimo, state of Oaxaca, on December 30th. The general and his son and nephew were being held as hostages, but his entire staff has been executed by Santibanez. The statement said:

"General Santibanez entered the ranks of the constitutional revolution army at the beginning of the Huerta regime. He succeeded in gaining the confidence of General Jesus Carranza, who supplied him with troops and munitions of war and finally succeeded in having him named military commander of the Isthmus of Tehuantepec."

"General Carranza was totally unaware of the defection of Santibanez when he approached San Geronimo and was so certain of his loyalty that he was traveling with but the lightest of escorts."

"The first chief has received word from Santibanez that if he will sanction some arrangements claimed to have been made between Santibanez and General Jesus Carranza, and will pardon his treachery and allow him to retain his military office, he will release General Carranza and his two relatives. He makes the threat that unless his conditions are met he will execute General Jesus Carranza and his son and nephew."

"Carranza's reply, feelingly dictated, was: 'Such traitorous conduct can receive no pardon. If my mother's death is a necessary step towards the triumph of our principles, and the establishment of peace, I am willing that he die. And I know that with the feelings of a true soldier my brother will be willing to sacrifice his life for his country.'

"The first chief, as soon as he was aware of the plight of General Carranza, ordered troops to the Isthmus. This morning the column near San Geronimo and the traitor with 150 men fled to the town of Chiluitan in the mountains of Oaxaca."

"The first telegrams received by the chief here from the Isthmus purport to have been sent by his brother and were to the effect that no more troops should be ordered south. These were in reality sent by Santibanez, and it was only through a telegram received from C. C. Cabal that the true situation was first ascertained."

PEOPLE OF NATION WILL HAVE VOICE IN PRO MATTER

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

about immediate plans for the league, in Texas. There are several matters under consideration, which probably will take definite form by the close of the Waco convention early in February, he asserts.

That the Anti-Saloon league was becoming more aggressive in its fight against the liquor traffic was explained when he said plans were being laid for the establishment of six branch publishing plants to distribute literature supporting the campaign. If certain negotiations should be successful, one of these houses will be established in Texas. The league has invested in a printing house at Westerville, Ohio, where national headquarters are maintained. \$150,000 in machinery and other equipment. Opening of the branch establishments would increase the league's investment to approximately \$400,000, he said.

Another new feature of the campaign will be the use of literature in as many as twelve or fifteen languages. The league uses the press and the voice as the only two methods of spreading its propaganda. During the course of the next two months, several speakers of national reputation will make an initial campaign in Texas. The Texas campaign, which will be continued until victory is gained, will open with twelve or fifteen languages. Should the constitutional amendment be adopted by congress, Dr. Russell calculates that it will have the ratification of thirty-six states within five years. Fourteen states now have total prohibition. Five of these were voted dry during last year. Only three states were dry when the Anti-Saloon league was organized.

The best evidence that equal suffrage is proving an effective weapon against the liquor traffic is found in the fact that liquor interests are spending large sums and exerting strong influence against equal suffrage. Dr. Russell declares. What the league has avoided partnership in like affairs, Dr. Russell said he hoped to see equal suffrage adopted in more states. He manifested interest in the campaign begun in Texas to obtain an equal suffrage amendment.

RUSSIAN REINFORCEMENTS RESPONSIBLE FOR CHANGE

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE.

In the region of Uzok Pass we took an equal number of prisoners and captured several guns and rapid fire. In this action an entire Austrian battalion with eleven officers surrendered. In this region the staff of a column of the enemy, with the captured wounded and all documents fell into our hands.

"In our extreme left wing our troops passing through the whole of Bukovina have occupied the town of Sucezawa, one verst (two-thirds of a mile) distant from the Austro-Romanian frontier."

Austrian Aeroplanes Active.
Petrograd, Jan. 4, via London.—Austrian aeroplanes are daily bombarding Kielev in Russian Poland, sixty-four miles northeast of Cracow. Ten bombs were dropped on the railroad stations and fort sheds January 2. Little damage was done.

3,500 Presents for Children.
Petrograd, Jan. 4, via London.—A member of the American colony of Moscow has contributed 3,500 presents for Russian children, whose fathers are at the front. The gifts consist of gloves, shoes, caps and other articles of clothing and their distribution is to be completed before the Russian Christmas.

Submarine Reports.
Berlin, Jan. 4.—Via Wireless to Sayville, L. I.—An official announcement made public through the official press bureau today says:

"A German submarine boat reports by wireless to the admiralty in Berlin that it has torpedoed and sunk in the English channel off Plymouth the British battleship Formidable. The submarine was pursued by British destroyers but escaped undamaged."

Engagements at Cernay.
Paris, Jan. 4.—The following official bulletin was issued by the war office today:

"The only reports which have been received up to the present have reference to upper Alsace where engagements of a very violent nature continue in the region of Cernay (Sennheim)."

"Last night our troops lost, then regained the territory around the church at Steinbach. This morning they occupied the entire village."

"The German works to the west of Cernay captured by us yesterday were lost for a brief period following a

Hi Team to Meet Reagan Saturday

Arrangements were made yesterday for the Waco high school basketball team to go to Reagan Saturday afternoon to play the five representing the high school there.

The game originally was set for Thanksgiving day and was rained out, the court there being out of order. The game was set for the following Monday and was rained out again. This will be the third attempt to make the trip.

The high school team is in good shape with the exception of Mayfield, first substitute, who yesterday suffered an injury to his left shoulder which may keep him out of the game for several days.

FIELD TRIALS BEGIN.

Grand Junction, Tenn., Jan. 4.—Eight braces of the 30 does entered in the all-age stake of the United States Field Trials club first series races today. The second series is expected to start late tomorrow, and the event will probably be finished Wednesday.

Weather conditions today were good and birds plentiful, six of the 16 dogs sent to the field making very finds.

LEAGUE OFFICERS RE-ELECTED.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—William V. Baker, president, and all of the other officials of the Philadelphia National League baseball club were re-elected at the annual meeting of the club here today. The selection of Patrick J. Moran as manager for the season of 1915 was ratified.

Huaco Bowling.

The bowling teams of L. E. Luedde and Pat Gorman, Jr., are practically tied in the tournament being conducted at the Huaco club. The matches to be played today will decide the contest. The winners will get a cup, with the names of the team members engraved on it.

DON'T SUFFER WITH NEURALGIA

MUSTEROLE GIVES DELICIOUS COMFORT.

When those sharp pains go shooting through your head, when your skull seems as if it would split, just rub a little MUSTEROLE on the temples and neck. It draws out the inflammation, soothes away the pain—gives quick relief.

MUSTEROLE is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Better than a mustard plaster and does not blister!

Doctors and nurses frankly recommend MUSTEROLE for sore throat, bronchitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia).

At your druggist's, in 25c and 50c jars, and a special large hospital size for \$2.50.

Be sure you get the genuine MUSTEROLE. Beware imitations—get what you ask for. The Musterole Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

MUSTEROLE

very violent encounter attack, but the Germans were not able to maintain it, and his position remains in our hands."

Turkish Troops Ravaging.
Petrograd, Jan. 4, via London.—Turkish troops, whose defeat by Russian forces was announced December 12, when they attempted to invade Russia from Persian territory, are now reported to be ravaging the region south of Lake Urumiah, in Northwest Persia. Hastily assembled levies of Persian troops sent against the Turks were defeated.

A protest was made sometime ago to Turkey by the Persian government. It is said no reply has been received.

East Africa Town Bombaraded.
Nairobi, British East Africa, via London, Jan. 4.—The British battleship Goliath and light cruiser Fox have carried out successful operations against Dar-Es-Salaam, capital of German East Africa. The warships bombarded the town, inflicting considerable damage. All the German vessels in the harbor were disabled. Fourteen British men and twenty natives were taken prisoners.

The British loss was one killed and twelve wounded.

Day-Es-Salaam. The best built town on the coast of German East Africa, is a military station with an excellent harbor, situated forty miles south of Zanzibar.

It is the terminus of an important caravan route, the residence of a governor and has large commercial interests.

The white population in 1909 was estimated at 1,000; the total population at more than 20,000.

No Change in Carpathians.
Vienna, Jan. 4.—Via Amsterdam to London.—The following official communication was issued this evening:

"In the severe battles in the district of South Galicia which were fought under the worst weather conditions, our brave troops assured themselves through active possession of an important line of hills of a favorable base for further operations. In the Carpathians there has been no change. In the upper Ung valley there have been only small engagements."

"During the battles in the northern theatre Christmas time we captured thirty-seven officers and 12,698 men."

Steamer Strikes Mine.

London, Jan. 4.—According to advices received here from Stockholm, the Swedish steamer Carma has been lost in the North Sea with her crew of twenty men.

It is presumed that the Carma struck a mine.

Elks and Y. M. C. A. Bowling Teams Win

Rolling unusually high scores, the Elks' bowling team took three straight games from the Maenners on the Elks' alleys. The Y. M. C. A. beat the Knights of Columbus two games out of three on the Y alleys. The score:

Knights of Columbus.
German 154 101 133—388
Lockett 136 141 143—420
Cole 167 80 111—358
Thompson 136 159 151—446
Smith 129 96 119—345

Y. M. C. A.—
Hickins 152 148 150—450
Mann 123 166 143—432
Bruck 121 150 157—428
Naylor 161 133 155—449
Hagerdon 139 138 190—467

At the Elks' Club.
Elks 696 755 795—2246
Greener 148 123 167—438
Knight 155 165 112—432
Watt 205 206 182—593
Reel 122 150 188—470
McCulloch 160 146 156—462

Totals 800 801 805—2406

Maenners.—
Servatius 139 167 122—428
Teitz 144 156 157—457
Cupp 154 165 146—425
Sheldon 111 98 127—337
Berlich 160 150 135—445

Totals 681 737 705—2123

HERZOG WANTS DOGIN.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4.—Negotiations for the sale of Charles S. Doolin, catcher and former manager of the Philadelphia National league baseball team, probably will take definite form here tomorrow. It was learned tonight, Manager Herzog of Cincinnati is expected here to confer with the Philadelphia officials and it was stated that the object of his visit was to obtain Doolin for Cincinnati.

MAIN WITH FEDS.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Miles Main, pitcher for the Detroit ball club in 1914, today signed a two-year contract with the Federal league, according to an announcement by James A. Gilmore, president of the league. He will be assigned to a club later.

Little Activity at Battle Fronts

London, Jan. 4.—The latest news from the battle fronts indicates but little activity, the full evidently being forced by the bad weather. Steinbach, a village in upper Alsace, is now in the hands of the French after house-to-house fighting. This loss Berlin admits.

The day was marked by artillery duels, with occasional fanfry dashes for slight gains, but the line from the Oise to the sea was almost completely calm. German headquarters declares that the situation on the eastern front remains unchanged and nothing has reached London to contradict this statement.

Politically, the American note still occupies a prominent position, dividing attention with speculation as to what Roumania and Italy intend to do. The answer of the British government, it is expected, will be sent to Washington late this week.

It is understood here that Great Britain has reached a satisfactory understanding with Italy with regard to the trans-shipment of contraband, that no cargoes destined for that country have been stopped since December 4.

British officials declare that the relief of American shipping from the present restrictions depends largely on the assurances of neutral states bordering on belligerent countries that they will not assist in supplying Germany, Austria or Turkey with food products and munitions of war.

Baseball Magnates Will Adopt Schedule at Meeting Saturday

Texas league magnates will meet at Galveston Saturday for the purpose of adopting the 1915 baseball schedule. This will be the last meeting before the opening of the baseball season.

Austin is still in the league. The adoption of a schedule was delayed, on account of the possibility of the Austin franchise being purchased by Shreveport. Doak Roberts of Houston is chairman of the schedule committee.

Hans Lobert Goes to N. Y. Nationals

New York, Jan. 4.—The New York Nationals today secured the services of Hans Lobert, third baseman of the Philadelphia Nationals as the result of a trade consummated in Philadelphia.

In exchange for Lobert the Philadelphia club will receive a cash consideration and the following players: Al Demaree, pitcher; Milton Stock, third baseman, and Jack Adams, a young pitcher, bought last fall from New Orleans. This announcement was made tonight by Manager McGraw of the Giants upon his return from Philadelphia where he went to confer regarding the deal.

One or more of the players received from New York in the trade for "Hans" Lobert may figure in the Cincinnati deal, by which the Philadelphia management expects to land a second baseman. Report here tonight was that Heinie Groh is the player the Phillies are after.

Both President Baker and Manager Moran expressed themselves as pleased with the trade arranged with New York. Moran said they would have liked to keep Lobert, but could not meet his salary demands.

Moran also announced that he had selected the two players from the Boston club who are to be given as part of the consideration for Sherwood Magee, but would not say who they are. It is believed they are George Tyler, the pitcher, and George Whitted, who played in both the infield and outfield last season.

It was stated tonight that Lobert had accepted terms made by McGraw. Lobert understood that the third baseman would sign a three-year contract. Lobert has been called one of the best third-basemen in the game. McGraw tonight expressed the opinion that Lobert would put his team back into running for the pennant.

Ever since last fall Lobert has been on the fence between organized ball and the Federal league. He recently visited the Federal league officials in St. Louis and later called on President Gilmore in Chicago.

However, Lobert said that if he were traded to New York and received the same salary as offered by the Federals, he would remain in organized baseball.

Diamond Thief Says Dope Caused It All

Dallas, Jan. 4.—Following the testimony of several witnesses, James Williams, the white boy from Chicago, held in connection with the theft of a \$10,000 diamond from Linz Bros' jewelry store last Saturday afternoon, was granted \$5000 bond Monday morning by Justice of the peace Sam Barnett.

The lad was taken to jail. He admitted on the witness stand that he threw the brick-bat through the Linz window and took the \$10,000 diamond. He denied taking the \$10,000 diamond. The necklace was recovered.

"The only thing I had a desire for was the necklace," Williams said on the witness stand. "I had passed there several times and I looked so pretty that I wanted it. So I goes and gets me a brick and I throws it through the window and gets this necklace. I don't know what I wanted with it, but I wanted it. I had been given some dope and it made me want pretty things."

"Well, sometimes it makes you think you have got these pretty things. I have thought so several times, and when I wanted this diamond I just had to have it," the boy said.

Monday afternoon physicians made an X-ray examination of the lad, but failed to find the diamond. Another arrest has been made, but no charge has been filed.

Seventeen Persons Rescued From Bark

Kirkwall, Scotland, Jan. 4.—Seventeen persons, the entire crew of the American bark Pilgrim, which was wrecked on the mess boy, who was drowned, were landed here today by the Norwegian steamer Theima, having been rescued in mid-Atlantic three weeks ago.

The Pilgrim was bound from Newport News for Buenos Aires when she encountered heavy weather and was thrown on her beam ends, and the shifting of ballast. Mountainous seas also swept the bark's boats away.

In response to the signals of distress sent up by the Pilgrim, the Theima, which had left Mobile, Ala., Dec. 6 for Copenhagen, steamed as close as she dared and the crew of the disabled vessel swam to the Norwegian boat.

Musical comedy at the Cozy.—(Adv.)

At the Rex



Scene in "Samson," featuring William Farnum, supported by an all-star cast.

Rex Theatre

TODAY AND TOMORROW

The season's strongest dramatic attraction

SAMSON

Not the Biblical Story.

The strongest characterization of the eminent American actor, WILLIAM FARNUM, supported by an all-star cast.

Opinions of the New York Press:

Tense drama of love, finance and revenge.—Alan Dale, in The American.
"Samson," a giant of modern finance; powerful story.—The Sun.
William Farnum at his best.—Unanimous Opinion.
Greatest drama witnessed here in years.—World.
Better than "The Thief."—The Times.

MAJESTIC

MAJESTIC.

"The Wife He Bought."

"The Wife He Bought" was the attraction at the Majestic family theatre, and in this offering, Besse Dainty has again given the patrons of the house a remarkably interesting bit of entertainment.

The scenes of this piece are—for the most part—laid in Russia. Its characters are a mixture of Russian, American and English. The story is that of the marriage of a girl raised in the old school of society to a Russian nobleman of vicious character. The mother of this girl is received everywhere for her wit and good fellowship, but she smokes, drinks, and flirts to such an extent that her daughter, coming from a life of quiet and culture into the fast set her mother affects, is shocked and ashamed.

On the other hand, the mother is ashamed of her daughter for her coldness and her unwillingness to enter with any spirit into the frivolities she sees about her. The girl meets a poor opera singer and the two fall in love, but the mother has already selected another husband for her—a Russian prince of notorious reputation. Rather than have the girl marry a man without money, the mother pretends that unless the prince is successful in his suit he will disgrace her, and the daughter, to save her mother—as she thinks—marries the Russian. He, however, cannot win her love, and maddened by his failure, treats her with ferocious cruelty. How she is saved from this life, how she comes at last to peace and happiness with the man she really loves, finish out as interesting a play as can be imagined.

Besse Dainty plays the part of Princess Zouroff, the girl in the case, excellently, and in true Besse Dainty form it is one of the most things she has done here in some time.

Wheat.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Wheat today scored above the high price level made September 5 at the most exciting crisis of the German advance on Paris. On European buying that seemed nearly regardless of cost, wheat today touched \$1.34 1/2 a bushel for May delivery, against \$1.32 which was the September 5 record and still today has been the topmost pinnacle of value since the advent of the famous James H. Patten corner on May 25, 1909, when quotations reached \$1.35 1/2. Closing prices today were strong at gains of 2 1/2 cts compared with Saturday night. Corn finished \$1 1/2 1/2 to 1 1/2 cts up, oats at a rise of 1/2 cts to 12 1/2 cts advance.

Loading out of the purchase of wheat began at the outset today, but it was not until during the last hour of business that the trade bordered on the sensational. Even then there was no wild flurry. Buying on the part of the general public aside from the urgent demand for the time gradually expanded beyond the greatest volume attained on the season's crop. The fact that margins resulted so severe as in the greater part of 1914 had a part in allowing a free chance to trade.

Ocean freight rates in Argentina were so high that it seemed doubtful whether a quarter of the contract already made would ever be filled, and this was the chief basis of the sentiment favoring an advance in Chicago. The result for a total of export sales here amounting to 3,800,000 bushels not counting large transactions elsewhere in which Chicago houses did not participate.

Strength of corn and oats came in the main from the wheat bulge.

New War Prices in Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Europe's bitter need of bread resulted in spectacular buying of wheat and caused new war prices here today. It was pointed out, however, that the top quotation attained, \$1.24 1/2 for May delivery, was still roundly 50 cents a bushel under the price forced here in 1888 by Joseph Leiter during a worldwide peace—\$1.75.

Notwithstanding that wheat today at

NEW YORK Via NEW ORLEANS

SUPERIOR SERVICE ALL THE WAY

Sunset Central Route AND PALATIAL

Southern Pacific Steamships

Sallings

WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS From New Orleans.

Staterooms, Suites, Private Baths, Meals Unsurpassed. Equipped with All Modern Appliances for Safety and Comfort—Wireless Telegraph.

For copy of "One Hundred Golden Hours at Sea," further information, reservations and tickets, call on your local ticket agent.

Resolve to Travel The Interurban Way

(Southern Traction Co.) Exclusively Between

Waco Hillsboro Waxahachie Dallas

And intermediate points

FREQUENT BAGGAGE CARS 150 lbs. Baggage allowed on each ticket.

Direct Interurban connections at Dallas for Sherman, Denison, Corsico, Ft. Worth, Cleburne and intermediate points.

T. H. WILLIAMS, Div. Pass. Agt. Station 4th and Washington Sts., WACO.

Follow the lights to the COZY THEATRE

5c—10c

The best musical comedy in the state at the popular price.

Remember, the best heated, most comfortable place in town.

Musical Comedy Moving Pictures

5c—10c

HIPPODROME

5c and 10c

Keystone Comedy A FATAL BUMPING and an American 2-reel special

WHEN A WOMAN WAITS.

MAJESTIC

Tenth Week Presents MISS BESSE DAINTY

IN "THE WIFE HE BOUGHT"

In Four Acts.

Vaudeville between the acts.

Matinees Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Prices 10c, 20c, 30c

THIS COMPANY NEVER PLAYS ON SUNDAY.

one time showed a rise of 3 1/2 cts over Saturday night, the market apparently had little, if any effect on farmers. Country offerings were decidedly meager, as they have been for some time past.

Cotton.

New York, Jan. 4.—The cotton market today was more active than at any time since the resumption of business in futures, while prices ruled very firm and all active positions made new high ground for the movement.

Firmness in Liverpool, attributed to an increasing spot demand, combined with the continued absence of pressure from the large southern spot supplies and the more optimistic view as to the outlook for general business, seemed to be chiefly responsible for the broadening of investment demand, and there was considerable covering of shorts. Realizing caused moderate reactions during the day, but on every moderate setback fresh buying orders seemed to be uncovered.

The close was firm at practically the best of the day or about 15 to 22 points above Saturday's closing figures.

The market opened steady 2 to 10 points advanced on the higher cables. There was some reactionary talk, accompanied by predictions that the advance of fully a cent a pound from the low level of last month would bring in hedge selling or increased spot offerings. There also was considerable realizing by recent buyers and a little selling here against purchases in New Orleans, but offerings were very well taken during the entire day and some of the early sellers seemed to be covering in the late trading, when July contracts sold at \$5.50, or \$5.45 per bale above the low level of December 1.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, Jan. 4.—The first session of the new year in the cotton market brought an advance of 26 to 30 points, the market closing at nearly the best of the day. The day's trading was buying power throughout the session, with the exception of a brief period in the early afternoon when longs took profits in volume and brought about a 10-point reaction. At the highest of the day the trading months were 26 to 32 points up.

On the opening it was evident that buying orders had accumulated over the holidays. One report was that General spinners and cotton merchants were buying on this side. Buying was stimulated by the strength of the spot markets, the advance in New York up from the low levels made on the long decline following the outbreak of the war in Europe.

SPOTS.

Galveston.

Galveston, Jan. 4.—Midling 74c; receipts 20,559; exports 28,349; sales 1857; stock 471,648.

Liverpool.

Liverpool, Jan. 4.—Cotton spot in good demand; prices firm.

General middling fair.....5.60
Good middling.....5.45
Low middling.....5.40
Good ordinary.....5.35
Ordinary.....5.30

Sales 10,000 bales, including 9400 American and 1000 for speculation and export; receipts 50,000 including 34,100 American.

FUTURES.

Liverpool.

Liverpool, Jan. 4.—Cotton futures today closed steady.

May-June.....4.49 1/2
July-August.....4.56
October-November.....4.67 1/2
January-February.....4.73

Livestock.

Fort Worth, Jan. 4.—Cattle receipts 3550, including 550 calves; market steady. Receipts \$5.50@7.50, stockers \$5.75@6.50, heifers \$4.50@6.25, cows \$3.50@5.50, bulls \$4.50@6.00, pigs \$4.00@8.00.

Hog receipts 3400; market 10 to 15 cents lower; bulk of sales \$6.00@7.00, heavy \$7.25@7.50, mixed \$7.25@7.50, light \$5.75@7.00, pigs \$5.50@6.50.

Sheep receipts 1000; market steady; lambs \$7.50@8.15, yearlings \$6.50@7.35, ewes \$5.50@6.50, ewes \$4.50@5.75, goats \$2.50@3.75.

Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—Hog receipts 60,000; market active and lower; bulk of sales \$7.10@7.15, light \$6.90@7.25, mixed \$6.50@7.30, heavy \$6.90@7.35, rough \$6.90@7.30, pigs \$5.25@7.10.

Cattle receipts 23,000; market weak; native steers \$5.50@9.75, western \$4.90@7.50, stockers and feeders \$4.90@7.50, cows and heifers \$2.50@8.00, calves \$7.25@9.75.

Sheep receipts 30,000; market weak; lambs \$5.75@6.65, yearlings \$6.50@7.75, ewes \$5.50@6.50.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, Jan. 4.—Hog receipts 12,000; market lower; bulk \$7.15@7.30, heavy \$7.20@7.35, light \$7.10@7.25, pigs \$6.40@6.75.

Cattle receipts 15,000; market steady to weak; price fed steers \$8.75@9.75, dressed beef steers \$7.40@8.75, southern steers \$5.50@7.50, stockers \$6.25@7.50, heifers \$5.00@7.50, cows \$6.25@7.50.

Sheep receipts 8600; market lower; lambs \$7.90@8.50, yearlings \$6.50@7.50, ewes \$5.50@6.50.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, Jan. 4.—Receipts 19,200; market lower; pigs and lights \$6.73@7.30, mixed and butchers \$7.15@7.35, good heavy \$7.30@7.35.

Cattle receipts 7300; market steady; native beef steers \$7.50@10.00, cows and heifers \$5.97@7.75, stockers and feeders \$5.25@7.75, Texas and Indian steers \$5.75@7.75, cows and heifers \$4.00@8.00, native calves \$6.00@7.50.

Sheep receipts 12,500; market lower; native muttons \$4.75@5.75, lambs \$8.25@8.80, yearlings \$7.25@7.80.

HESTER'S WEEKLY STATEMENT.

(Comparisons are to actual dates, not to close of corresponding weeks).

In sight—	
For week	502,000
Same 7 days last year	492,000
Same 7 days year before	494,000
For month	25,000
For the same date last year	33,000
Same date year before	37,000
For season	7,851,000
Same date last year	10,510,000
Same date year before	10,155,000
Port receipts—	
For season	4,705,000
Same date last year	2,289,000
Same date year before	7,375,000
Overland to Mills and Canada—	
For season	456,000
Same date last year	647,000
Same date year before	634,000
Southern mill takings—	
For season	1,559,000
Same date last year	1,772,000
Same date year before	1,474,000
Interior stocks in excess of—	
August 1st—	
This year	1,131,000
Last year	732,000
Year before	711,000
Foreign exports—	
For week	171,000
Same 7 days last year	247,000
For season	2,497,000
Same date last year	5,343,000
Same date year before	5,343,000
Northern spinners' takings and Canada—	
For season	66,000
Same 7 days last year	26,000
For season	1,209,000
To same date last year	1,613,000

Spinners' Takings.

Hester's statement of spinners' takings of American cotton throughout the world:

This week	274,000
Same 7 days last year	223,000
Same 7 days year before	1,456,000
Total since Sept. 1	4,888,000
Same date last year	7,246,000
Same date year before	6,725,000
Visible in U. S.—	
This week	1,194,500
Last week	1,151,792
Last year	1,523,000
Year before	1,199,000
Visible in U. S.—	
This week	2,872,000
This date last year	1,983,000
Visible in other countries	2,977,000
This date last year	4,125,000

Cotton Seed Products.

New York, Jan. 4.—Cotton seed oil active and firmer today on a better consuming demand. Improvement in crude oil and broadening outside speculative inquiry. But with subsequent realizing prices worked off a little and closed 1 to 5 points net higher. Sales 15,300.

Coffee.

New York, Jan. 4.—Coffee was quiet today and after opening at an advance of 5 to 6 points with active months selling about 7 to 10 points higher toward noon on scattered covering, prices eased off toward the close.

Steady primary markets probably promoted the early advance, but the market was so narrow that it responded to small orders either way and there appeared to be no important change in the general situation. The close was 1 to 5 points higher. Sales including exchanges were 15,300 bags.

February.....5.97
March.....6.17
April.....6.27
May.....6.37
June.....6.47
July.....6.57
August.....6.67
September.....6.77
October.....6.87
November.....6.97
Spot quiet:
Rio No. 7.....7.15
Santos.....7.15
Rio unchanged; Santos unchanged; Rio exchange on London unchanged.
Receipts at the two Brazilian ports Saturday, 60,000 bags; Jundiahy receipts 6000 bags. Total receipts at the two ports during December were 1,715,000 bags, against 1,461,000 last year. Rio and Santos cleared 565,000 bags for the United States and 675,000 for Europe during the past month.

Portland Grain Market.

Portland, Ore., Jan. 4.—The Portland grain exchange saw one of the most pronounced advances today since the beginning of the European war. New northwestern records were set, not only for wheat, but for oats and barley. All varieties of wheat sold at 2 1/2c to 3 1/2c higher than the bids of last Saturday. Ten thousand bushels of February forty-fold, and an equal amount of spot club sold at \$1.35 and \$1.32 a bushel, respectively.

Wheat Goes up in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Jan. 4.—May wheat reached \$1.31 1/4 on the merchants' exchange here today, the highest price recorded for wheat since the beginning of the European war. The new figure marked an advance of 3 1/2c over the Saturday quotation.

Stocks and Bonds.

New York, Jan. 4.—Reopening of the London stock exchange, peace rumors from abroad which met with prompt denial so far as they affected this government, successful flotation of the \$15,000,000 Argentine loan by United States bankers and some evidence of January reinvestment demand exercised more or less influence over today's moderately active and strong market for securities. Leading shares, especially the international division, rose from 1 to 3 points, with gains of almost as much in less prominent stocks. Incidentally the 3-year 6 per cent New York City notes rose to a new record price, while exchange on London receded to within a fraction of its bottom figure for the previous year.

General news of the day included an unofficial estimate pointing to a substantial increase in December tonnage of the United States Steel Corporation, resumption of operations at a number of mills and manufacturing plants in different parts of the country, a new high record for wheat and a western freight movement partly in excess of this period last year.

Trade advices from the middle west suggested definite improvement in general business. Railroads in the west and south made more adverse reports of earnings for November, St. Paul showing a net decrease of \$784,000 and Louisville & Nashville a loss of \$593,000.

Time loans for all dates were quoted unchanged but actually lower where high class collateral was offered. Interior banks loaned considerable amounts and renewed their recent buying of mercantile paper. Mystery attended the resumption of the million dollar loan of gold from the assay office, the place of destination being withheld.

London's dealings in Americans were nearly limited under the market restrictions placed, New York Central being the only issue to manifest marked strength.

Early irregularity in bonds gave way to general firmness at the close. Total sales, par value, amounted to \$1,454,000. United States government bonds were unchanged on call.

Amal. Copper	11,900 53 1/2	52 1/2
Am. Agricultural	200 48 1/2	48 1/2
Am. Can.	900 26 1/2	25 1/2
Am. Car & Found.	45 45 1/2	45 1/2
Am. Cotton Oil	100 32 1/2	32 1/2
Am. Smelting	100 57 1/2	57 1/2
Am. Sugar	100 16 1/2	15 1/2
Am. Tel. & Tel.	1,000 11 1/2	11 1/2
Am. Tobacco	400 22 1/2	22 1/2
Atchafalpa	3,400 34 1/2	33 1/2
Atlantic Coast L.	1,000 15 1/2	15 1/2
Batavia	1,000 15 1/2	15 1/2
Canadian Pacific	1,000 15 1/2	15 1/2
Central Leather	1,500 37 1/2	37 1/2
Chesapeake & O.	100 41 1/2	41 1/2
Ch. M. & S. P.	1,000 17 1/2	17 1/2
Gen. Electric	100 140 1/2	140 1/2
Gen. Mfrs.	1,000 11 1/2	11 1/2
Int. Central	100 107 1/2	107 1/2
Inter-Met. Mfrs.	1,000 11 1/2	11 1/2
K. C. Southern	1,000 11 1/2	11 1/2
Lehigh Valley	1,000 11 1/2	11 1/2
Louis. & Nash.	1,000 11 1/2	11 1/2
Liggett & Myers	100 20 1/2	20 1/2
Marshall & Co.	1,000 11 1/2	11 1/2
Mo. Kan. & Tex.	500 8 1/2	8 1/2
Mo. Pacific	1,600 8 1/2	8 1/2
Mex. Petroleum	1,000 54 1/2	54 1/2
N. Y. C. & H. R.	3,000 5 1/2	5 1/2
Norfolk & West.	400 99 1/2	99 1/2
Northern Pacific	500 100 1/2	100 1/2
Omaha	1,000 10 1/2	10 1/2
Reading	15,000 14 1/2	14 1/2
Rep. Iron & St.	100 75 1/2	75 1/2
St. P. Mfrs. Co.	100 15 1/2	15 1/2
St. P. Mfrs. Co.	100 15 1/2	15 1/2
S. L. & S. F. 2d	600 11 1/2	11 1/2
Seaboard Air L.	600 11 1/2	11 1/2
St. P. Mfrs. Co.	100 15 1/2	15 1/2
St. P. Mfrs. Co.	100 15 1/2	15 1/2
Southern Pacific	3,500 8 1/2	8 1/2
Do. Mfrs.	100 15 1/2	15 1/2
Tennessee Copper	1,600 33 1/2	33 1/2
Union Pacific	200 13 1/2	13 1/2
U. S. Steel	17,200 50 1/2	50 1/2
Do. Mfrs.	1,000 10 1/2	10 1/2
Utah Copper	1,500 50 1/2	50 1/2
Va. Caro. Chem.	500 15 1/2	15 1/2
Western Union	900 58 1/2	58 1/2
Total sales for the day, 131,409 shares.		

Bonds.

U. S. 2s registered	97
U. S. 2s coupon	97
U. S. 3s registered	100 1/4
U. S. 3s coupon	100 1/4
U. S. 4s registered	101 1/4
U. S. 4s coupon	101 1/4
Panama 3s coupon	99 1/2
American Agricultural	95 1/2
American Cotton Oil	95 1/2
American Tel. & Tel. Co.	96 1/2
American Tobacco	120
Atchafalpa	91 1/2
Atlantic Coast L.	84 1/2
Baltimore & Ohio	84 1/2
Central of Georgia	100 1/2
Central Leather	97
Chesapeake & O.	71 1/2
Chicago, Mil. & St. P.	95 1/2
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. Col.	95 1/2
Erie general	67 1/2
Illinois Central	83 1/2
Louisville & Nashville	91 1/2
Liggett & Myers	100 1/4
Lorillard	100 1/4
Missouri, Kan. & Tex.	97 1/2
New York Central	94 1/2
N. Y. N. H. & Hartford	104 1/2
Norfolk & Western	101 1/2
Northern Pacific	89 1/2
Pennsylvania	99 1/2
Reading general	93 1/2
Repub. Iron & Steel	90 1/2
St. Louis & San Fran.	62 1/2
Seaboard Air Line	95 1/2
Southern Bell Telephone	96 1/2
Southern Pacific	80 1/2
Southern Railway	98 1/2
Southern Railway gen.	62 1/2
Texas Company	99 1/2
Union Pacific	94 1/2
U. S. Steel	100 1/4
Va. Caro. Chemical	59 1/2
Western Union	99 1/2

Real Estate for Sale

FOUR REAL BARGAINS FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

\$500 cash and the balance on monthly payments (no larger than the property is now renting for), gives you post-class of choice 8-room home, modern in every respect, located on an east-front lot, right at the street car and within ten minutes' walk of the heart of the business district. See this at once. Price only \$3500.

Large rooming house, right close in on Columbus street, to exchange for a small home. This is an opportunity for some one to put non-revenue producing property into earning an income. Do not fail to see us at once about this proposition.

Owner must sell one of the best poultry and truck farms around Waco. This is an ideal home for some one and it can be had at a bargain. Party will consider city property, or stock in any reliable bank or trust company of the city as a partial payment.

See us when in the market for property and if you have any property to sell or exchange be sure to see us. **NATIONAL EXCHANGE INSURANCE & TRUST CO.**
James N. Lemond, Mgr. R. E. Dept.
101 Woodard, Austin, Tex.
New phone 74.
Office 42 1/2 Austin Ave.

\$5000 HOME for \$3000, near Baylor. Phone 108.

1. We have a client who is anxious to buy a 5-room cottage, close in, north part of town. If you have something that is a real bargain, please us at once.

2. For sale, a good boarding house proposition, close in, on prominent residence street, in North Waco; all conveniences, splendid neighborhood, near car line, first class proposition, clear of incumbrance. Will take as first payment a good 5 or 6-room cottage, clear of incumbrance, give good time on balance. Price on this will interest you. Investigate.

3. As the owner is leaving town, we are authorized to offer for immediate sale, a 7-room cottage on Columbus street, south front, near car line, splendid neighborhood; at the bargain price of \$4500, this ought to interest you; \$750 cash payment, balance arranged.

4. Well located semi-business property to exchange for good farm land, or well located stock farm in Central Texas. Can trade in sections, valued at from \$18,000 to \$75,000, will assume as much incumbrance as is held against the property.

5. A small farm, near Hearne, Texas, and about \$1250 in well secured vendor's lien notes, to trade for rental property of equal value. Clear of all incumbrance. Might assume small amount. Value of property offered, \$5000. If you have something to match this, please us.

6. If you have any vacant rent houses, phone us and we will get a tenant for you. We negotiate loans and place good vendor's lien papers. Clear of all debt of service to you, phone, write or come to see us.

WILEY & CARPENTER, Phone 2323
903 Amicable Bldg.

Special Notice

BILLY MAIN in musical comedy at the Cozy Theater.

WOOD SAWING. Ring new phone 1194 and get your wood saved at once.

EAT the famous (Dragna) Chile, Chile Malt and Chicken Soup, at Milano Place, 413 Franklin St.

WANTED—To repair shoes. Niclosia Boot and Shoe Factory, 318 Austin St.

STOVES and furniture repaired; work guaranteed. Old phone 2217. New phone 1215.

CALL a Navigator messenger boy if you are in a hurry; all calls carried direct. Speedy, reliable and courteous our motto.

WANTED—To repair your stoves. A Reese, or Coal Oil John, 394 old phone.

WE BUY and sell and exchange second-hand furniture, new and second-hand stoves. Johnson Furniture Co., 221 S. 8th St., old phone 325, new 1060.

Trade and Exchange

WILL TRADE 5 acres truck land, close to city, for general merchandise, dry goods and notions. New phone 2676. Address Box 7, News.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR SOMEONE. An ideal country home, with every modern convenience, barns, etc., 1 mile of city limits, about 80 acres, stocked with Jersey, Duroc hogs, poultry, etc. About 60 acres in cultivation, subdivided in pastures and fields. About thirty acres subject to irrigation; artesian water; beautiful park with lake; will trade or sell on easy terms; no cash required; about \$20,000 invested. Must be seen to be appreciated.
N. M. GAY,
314 1/2 Franklin St. Phone 786.

Money to Loan.

I HAVE up to \$1500 to loan on first-class security, from one month to one year. John Smith, Box 1004, Waco, Tex.

MONEY TO LOAN—A few thousand dollars to invest in vendor lien notes. Room 1209 Amicable.

Situations Wanted

YOUNG MAN, married, wants position; several years' experience as manager and floor walker; salary easily settled. A. H. McAfee, 42 Crew St., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Quitting, 1711 S. 7th.

WANTED—Position by a Baylor student as bookkeeper or assistant for afternoons. Have just completed Toby's course; sober, reliable. Address 24, care News.

WANTED—Position by lady stenographer; 7 years' experience. New phone 1450-Y.

THOROUGHLY competent stenographer wants position for either half or all time. Five years' experience, best of references. New phone 3045.

Female Help Wanted

SINGING and dancing girls at the Cozy Theater; price 10c.

Male Help Wanted

NAVY offers you practical training. Fits you to earn good living. Pay starts day you enlist, increases as you advance. Food, lodging, medical treatment, first clothing outfit free. Healthy life with opportunities for travel and improvement. American citizens only, accepted. Apply Navy Recruiting Station, Postoffice Bldg., Waco.

Wanted—Miscellaneous

WANTED—Horse to work for his feed. Old phone 2743, or call at Elm St. Hotel.

Lost, Found, Strayed, Etc.

LOST—Watch chain, three links, monogram on one side; reward return to W. C. Seitzler, Waco Steam Laundry, phone 3.

LOST—One dark bay mare, all four feet white; show off of right hind foot. Phone 1700 new phone. Suitable reward for information or return.

DANNY LUND at Cozy Theater in musical comedy.

LOST—New Year's night, solitaire diamond ring, gold Tiffany setting, on Washington street, between Seventeenth and Hunico club. Reward. Notify Walter V. Fort & Co., or 1715 Washington.

STRAYED—Brown mule, with gray face; lame in right hind foot. \$50 old phone; 165 new phone.

LOST—Airdale terrier, a black and tan, shaggy-haired, bob-tailed dog. Fuller Williamson name on collar. Reward for return to Chas. E. Moore.

Patents

INVENTIONS perfected and manufactured; best place in south for manufacturing machinery and hardware specialties. Russell Machine Co., Dallas. Reference, your banker.

Business Chances.

FOR SALE—American Bundle Carriers and Parcel Delivery Service will guarantee best delivery service in city. Apply American Bundle Carriers, 119 N. 4th, or phone old 354, new 528. Must see before the 31st of this month. Reason for selling, leaving city.

Dressmaking

